UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY Civil No. 07-5325(JLL)
X :
BARRY HALL, et al., : TRANSCRIPT OF : PROCEEDINGS
Plaintiffs, : June 29, 2010
-vs- :
AT&T MOBILITY, f/k/a, : CINGULAR WIRELESS, LLC, et al.,: :
Defendants. : Newark, New Jersey
X
B E F O R E:
THE HONORABLE JOSE L. LINARES,
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
Pursuant to Section 753 Title 28 United States Code, the following transcript is certified to be an accurate record
as taken stenographically in the above-entitled proceedings.
s/Phyllis T. Lewis, CCR, CRCR
PHYLLIS T. LEWIS, C.C.R., C.R.C.R. Official Court Reporter - United States District Court
P.O. Box 25588, Newark, New Jersey 07101 (732) 735-4522

1	APPEARANCES:
2	CARELLA, BYRNE, CECCHI, OLSTEIN, BRODY & AGNELLO, P.C.
3	5 Becker Farm Road Roseland, New Jersey 07068
4	973-994-1744 BY: JAMES E. CECCHI, ESQ.
5	-and- STRANGE & CARPENTER, ESQS.
6	12100 Wilshire Boulevard (Suite 1900 Los Angeles, California 90025
7	310-207-4044 BY: BRIAN RUSSELL STRANGE, ESQ.
8	Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
9	DRINKER, BIDDLE & REATH, LLP
10	One Logan Square 18th and Cherry Streets
11	Philadelphia, Pa. 19103 215-988-2753
12	BY: WILLIAM M. CONNOLLY, ESQ. JENNIFER K. GREEN, ESQ.
13	Attorneys for Defendant, AT&T Mobility.
14	Aldi Mobility.
15	JOSEPH ANTONELLI, ESQ. 100 Lakes Drive (Suite 450)
16	West Covina, California 91790 626-917-6228
17	Attorney for Dias.
18	MARK LAVERY, ESQ.
19	733 Lee (Suite 150) Des Plaines, Illinois 60016
20	847-813-7771 Attorney for Objector,
21	Christopher V. Langone.
22	UNDOID DETTED COUDOED DDO CE
23	HAROLD PETER SCHROER, PRO SE
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THE CLERK: All rise. 1 2 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 3 Please be seated. All right. This is in the matter of Barry Hall, et 4 5 al. Versus AT&T Mobility, also known as Cingular Wireless, 6 LLC, et al. 7 Counsel, your appearances for the record, please. MR. CECCHI: Good afternoon, your Honor. 8 9 James Cecchi on behalf of the plaintiffs in the 10 class. 11 With me today is my co-counsel in this matter, 12 Brian Strange, from Strange & Carpenter. 13 MR. STRANGE: Good afternoon, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 15 Yes? 16 MR. CONNOLLY: Good morning, your Honor. 17 William Connolly from Drinker, Biddle & Reath for 18 defendant, AT&T Mobility. With me today is my colleague, Jennifer Green. 19 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 20 21 MR. LAVERY: Your Honor, Mark Lavery appearing for objector, Christopher V. Langone. 22 23 I have filed a motion for admission pro hac vice 24 and tendered a copy to your clerk. MR. ANTONELLI: Good afternoon, your Honor. 25

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                  Joseph Antonelli. I am appearing on behalf of the
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         Dias plaintiffs in a Los Angeles Superior Court action as
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         ETF counsel.
 4
                  I also submitted a pro hac vice application as
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         well.
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                  THE COURT: I will deal with that momentarily.
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                  MR. SCHROER: H.P. Schroer --
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                  THE COURT: Wait one second, please.
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                  You may be seated, Counsel, please.
                  Yes, sir?
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                  MR. SCHROER: -- H.P. Schroer. I am here on
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         behalf of myself and to the objection.
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                  THE COURT: Thank you very much, sir.
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                  Anybody else?
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                  No.
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                  All right. Let me go through some preliminaries
         for the record.
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                  This is a class action matter. It involves a claim
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         by the plaintiffs that the early termination fees, which I
         am sure will be called "ETFs" during the course of this
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         hearing charged by AT&T Mobility or "ATTM" violate, among
22
         other things, the Federal Communications Act and State
23
         Consumer Protection laws.
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                  ETFs constitute a fee that is charged to customers
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         of the mobile phone company for cancellation of their
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wireless service at any time after a trial period, but 1 2 before the end of the service plan term regardless of the 3 reason for the cancellation. The plaintiff in this case, Mr. Barry Hall, is a 4 5 citizen of California. He had a subscriber agreement with 6 AT&T, which contained an ETF provision, and he was, as I 7 understand it, also ultimately charged an ETF. This matter began back in November of 2007 when a 8 9 lawsuit was filed in this court. Subsequent to that, there was some discovery and 10 motion practice, including a motion by the defendant here, 11 12 to compel arbitration, which I denied back in March of 2009. 13 Thereafter, the parties entered into settlement 14 negotiations through mediation, et cetera, which culminated 15 in the parties making an application for a preliminary 16 approval of the settlement, which I granted back in November 17 of 2009. At that time I granted preliminary approval for 18 the settlement, as well as the formal notice to this class. 19 Subsequent to that, on April 2nd, 2010, I amended the order to reschedule the date of the final approval 20 hearing and other related dates, and eventually this matter 21 was scheduled for today for the final approval hearing. 22 23 I have received and reviewed briefs from both sides, from both the class action attorneys and as class 24

action counsel, as well as the defense attorneys in this

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1 case. 2 I have also received opposition to the settlement 3 from a number of individual objectors that are not represented by counsel, as well as objectors that are in 4 5 fact represented by counsel. 6 Mr. Schroer, who is here in court today, had 7 contacted my law clerk and indicated a desire to be heard. I told him that he would be, and we will hear from him today 8 9 at sometime during the hearing. In addition to that, we do have two applications 10 for two attorneys to be admitted pro hac vice in this 11 12 matter. One is that of Mr. Joseph Giuseppi, Joseph 13 Antonelli, and I had received that, and I am inclined to 14 grant that for the purposes of this hearing. 15 Mr. Cecchi do you have any objection to that? MR. CECCHI: I do not, Judge. I reviewed Mr. 16 Antonelli's application. I note him to be a lawyer in good 17 18 standing, and we have no objection. 19 THE COURT: Mr. Connolly, the same question. MR. CONNOLLY: No objection, your Honor. 20 21 THE COURT: All right. I will grant Mr. Antonelli's application to be admitted pro hac vice for the 22 23 purposes of this hearing. 24 In addition to that, I received a notice of motion 25 for a pro hac vice admission filed today. I am not crazy

about that, but in any event, it is by attorney Mark Lavery 1 2 of the Lavery Law Firm from the State of Illinois, who 3 represents previously a pro se objector, Christopher 4 Langone. 5 Any objections to Mr. Lavery being admitted pro hac 6 vice for the purposes of this hearing? 7 MR. CECCHI: Judge, we received, Mr. Strange and I, 8 the pro hac vice admission about ten minutes ago in the 9 attorney conference room. 10 I reviewed it. Based upon the assertions that are 11 contained in there, we would have no objection to Mr. Lavery 12 making a presentation to the Court today. However, I will 13 reserve my rights because I am not familiar with him, and we 14 just did get this application. 15 THE COURT: Mr. Connolly? 16 MR. CONNOLLY: No objection, your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Mr. Lavery --18 MR. LAVERY: Yes, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: -- Mr. Lavery, why the late 20 application? 21 MR. LAVERY: Your Honor, I tried to coordinate with 22 your office to get an ECF password. I am an ECF filer in 23 the Northern District of Illinois, and I learned the 24 procedures here are different, and therefore, I would have to paper file. 25

1 We had sent a notice of intent to appear last week, 2 but obviously logistically it was easiest for me to 3 physically file the motion today upon being here rather than 4 travel to New Jersey last week. 5 THE COURT: The problem with that is that normally 6 when I receive applications pro hac vice like yours, we do 7 some preliminary things to determine whether or not to admit 8 you, like we did with the other attorney, one of which is, 9 of course, to insure that you are a member in good standing of the bar of the State of Illinois and that your client has 10 standing in this case. 11 12 Now, he was already an objector here, so I am not 13 going to take issue with it, and I want to be nice to the 14 State of Illinois as well. So to the extent that you have 15 represented to the Court that you are a member in good 16 standing and that you in fact have no problems, which would 17 prevent your admission pro hac vice in this court, based on that representation, I will allow it. 18 19 MR. LAVERY: Thank you very much, your Honor. 20 I am here with Mr. Langone in court. He is here as 21 well. 22 THE COURT: All right. 23 So I will sign both of those now, so they can get 24 filed. Today is the 29th. 25 THE CLERK: Yes.

1 THE COURT: Mr. Antonelli, did you submit a 2 proposed form of order? 3 MR. ANTONELLI: Yes, I did, your Honor. I do have a copy with me. 4 5 THE COURT: Could you hand it up to my law clerk 6 because I don't see it in the file. 7 Mike, get me a copy, please. (Document handed to the Court) 8 9 All right. Now, that that is out of the way, we 10 can continue with this matter. The Court has jurisdiction in this matter pursuant 11 12 to 28 United States Code Section 1332(d) inasmuch as it is a 13 class action involving more than a hundred members, at least one of the class members resides in a state different than 14 the defendant, and the aggregate amount of controversy 15 exceeds \$5 million as a basis for jurisdiction. 16 17 The Court has received a number of objections in 18 this matter, in fact, 22 of them. Some of those objectors 19 are represented by counsel, and some are proceeding pro se. There is only one pro se objector here today, and 20 21 he will be given an opportunity to be heard today. The other ones have submitted letters in this matter, which the 22 23 Court will consider, notwithstanding the fact that they are 24 not here. We also have objectors that are represented by 25

counsel. Those objectors have originally been put into 1 2 three categories. We have the Harter objectors represented 3 by Vincent Verdiramo. Is Mr. Verdiramo in court? 4 He is not. 5 Has anybody heard from him? MR. CECCHI: We have not, your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: All right. He has submitted papers in connection with this 8 9 matter, all of which I have read. I would have given him an opportunity to be heard, should he have appeared here today, 10 11 but he is not here. He represents what I call the Harter 12 objectors, which are composed of Joni Harter, David Mehaffie 13 and Clark Brown. 14 There are also the Turner objectors, which are 15 represented by Jeff Weinstein. 16 Is he here, Mr. Weinstein? 17 MR. CECCHI: Mr. Weinstein is not here, your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Do you know if he is coming? 19 MR. CECCHI: We have not had any communications 20 from Mr. Weinstein. 21 THE COURT: All right. He represents Sallie Turner 22 and Carla Walsh. 23 I also have the Olson objectors represented by Vincent Verdiramo as well. 24 Is that right, Mike, he represents two groups of 25

objectors? 1 2 All right. 3 The Olson objectors are composed of Carl Olson and 4 Hugh Ramsey. 5 Now, of course, we have the other two objectors 6 that will be represented by counsel here today. 7 The procedure that I would like to follow is as I am going to have class counsel first and then 8 9 defense counsel set forth their application on the record and the reasons why you believe the settlement should 10 receive final approval. 11 12 Thereafter, without the necessity of addressing the 13 objectors at this point, thereafter I will hear from the 14 objectors. First, the objectors represented by counsel that 15 are here, and then I will hear from Mr. Schroer, and then anybody else that shows up while the hearing is still going 16 17 Then I will give an opportunity to both class counsel 18 and the defense to address the objections. The Court will 19 then in all likelihood reserve decision to deal with this. I will hear arguments on the adequacy of the 20 21 settlement and the reasonability of the settlement, but I am not going to hear argument on attorneys' fees today. I have 22 23 received enough documentation for me to deal with that on 24 the papers. I mean, you can mention it obviously as part of the approval, but I don't need to hear oral argument on 25

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I will have to do my analysis of that including the
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         lodestar and everything else.
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                  Is there a problem with that, Mr. Cecchi?
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                  MR. CECCHI: No, there isn't, your Honor.
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                  THE COURT: Any problem with that, Mr. Connolly?
                  MR. CONNOLLY: No, your Honor.
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                  I would just like to state for the record with
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         respect to counsel who are not here today, counsel for the
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         Harter objectors had represented in a filing, docket entry
         531, that he would not be coming today.
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                  THE COURT: But even though they said that, I
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         wanted the record to be clear that if they had come, I would
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         have given them an opportunity, but I have received
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         information from them anyway that they may not be coming, so
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         that is the way I would like to proceed.
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                  Mr. Cecchi, we will hear from you first on the
         reasonableness of the settlement, and why it meets the Girsh
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         factors, and then I will hear from the defense and go from
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         there.
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                  MR. CECCHI: Thank you, your Honor.
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                  With the Court's permission, I would just briefly
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         make an introductory remark about this particular AT&T case.
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         All of these ETF cases are similar, but there are
         distinguishing factors I think which make our efforts, Mr.
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25
         Strange's and mine and Bill's somewhat unique in this case,
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in that as in the other cases, T-Mobile and Sprint, there were ETF cases pending around the country in various stages, in various places, various stages of success, where many of the lawyers who we had previously attempted to bring into our class counsel umbrella decided to go a different route.

In this case what is unique is you got the vast majority of all of the lawyers, who were prosecuting cases against AT&T Mobility on the theory that these have as a liquidated damage provision and are supporting the settlement and are supporting the fee application, and those include -- all of the lawyers included advanced the cell phone termination cases in Alamada County, Mr. Bursor, Mr. Plutzik and Ms. Mottek. They all joined us in their assessment and our assessment that this is an outstanding deal with AT&T, and that this settlement respectfully should enjoy final approval from your Honor, as should the fee application, so I did want to put that on the record first.

It has taken some time and effort to do that, but they are all behind the settlement, so hopefully that will make this process somewhat more expedited than we had in the past.

In terms of the overall fairness of the settlement, your Honor is very well aware of the precedents that support the fairness of this settlement. I would ask with the Court's permission, Mr. Strange would like to address your

Honor as to why under Girsh this particular settlement 1 2 should enjoy final approval as well. 3 THE COURT: All right, Mr. Strange. 4 MR. STRANGE: Thank you, your Honor. This settlement concludes many years of litigation 5 6 against the defendant AT&T Cingular regarding the use of 7 ETFs and telephone service contracts. The proposed resolution involves not only the Hall 8 9 case before your Honor, but the Waldmann versus Cingular case and the Sasik versus AT&T case, which is currently 10 pending in consolidated cases before Chief Judge Collins in 11 12 the Central District of California. 13 It also includes resolving the in re telephone 14 cases before Judge Sabraw in Alemada County and the Kinkel 15 versus Cingular case in Illinois, all of which have 16 significant histories of litigation. 17 With respect to the Waldmann case, your Honor, it 18 was first filed over six years ago --19 THE COURT: Where was Waldmann filed? 20 MR. STRANGE: It was initially filed in the Florida 21 State Court in May of 2004. There were two separate removal 22 proceedings to the Federal Court. It ultimately was 23 removed. During the pendency of those removal proceedings, there were various hearings in State Court, various 24 25 discovery disputes that happened. There was depositions of

the representative plaintiffs in Kentucky and Los Angeles. 1 2 Ultimately, it was transferred to the Central 3 District of California after it was removed from Florida and consolidated with the Sasik case in Los Angeles. 4 5 Initially, a primary jurisdiction stay was granted 6 in that court by Judge Collins. It was ultimately lifted at 7 our request. There was a substantial preemption motion, which was denied without prejudice, and then Judge Collins 8 9 did something, which has not happened in any of these cases, to my knowledge, in which she allowed expedited discovery on 10 the policy and procedures of AT&T to determine whether as a 11 12 factual matter, there should be a preemption ruling in that 13 case. 14 So during the expedited discovery process, over a 15 million pages of documents were produced to us by AT&T, all of which we reviewed. 16 17 We then took two major depositions of officials of 18 AT&T regarding their policy and procedures on ETFs. 19 We then had what was in effect a summary judgment 20 type of hearing before Judge Collins, where ultimately she 21 issued a decision denying a request that the action be 22 deemed preempted. 23 Similarly, in the Sasik case, that was filed in March of 2005 in the Central District, there were two 24 separate motions to compel arbitration that were denied. 25

There was an appeal to the Ninth Circuit by AT&T, which was ultimately dismissed. And in that case we also had class discovery, including the representative plaintiffs being deposed.

In the telephone cases, they were consolidated in a State Court proceeding before Judge Sabraw. I know your Honor is familiar with that, but just to summarize vis-a-vis AT&T, there were years of litigation in that case including class discovery, and ultimately that case against AT&T was certified as a California class after a hearing.

There were substantial FCC proceedings in Washington, which was also concluded or involved in the fee application here, and with respect to the Sprinkle case -- the Kinkel case, excuse me, in Illinois, there were years of litigation in that case, including the arbitrator denying a motion to compel arbitration, the defendant bringing that issue to the State Court in Illinois, appealing it to -- all the way to the Supreme Court in Illinois, because there is a published decision holding that the action was not enforceable in the Kinkel case.

So after all of these years of litigation, your Honor, we ultimately retained Judge Wolfson here in New Jersey and had two full days of mediation regarding coming to a classwide resolution, a nationwide resolution here. Those two days of negotiations didn't settle the case.

There were numerous calls and negotiations afterwards, which 1 2 ultimately resolved it in the settlement. 3 THE COURT: This is Judge Douglas Wolfson, right? 4 MR. STRANGE: Yes, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Because there is more than one Judge 6 Wolfson in New Jersey, so I just wanted to make sure the 7 record indicates that it was Douglas Wolfson, Ex-Judge Wolfson, that was retained. 8 9 MR. STRANGE: Yes, your Honor. 10 So ultimately --11 THE COURT: So how long did you mediate with Judge 12 Wolfson? 13 MR. STRANGE: There were two full days of mediation 14 on two separate occasions, one day per occasion, and then 15 numerous calls of negotiations, but I am not sure of the 16 total length, somewhere around two or three weeks. 17 When the resolution did happen, when we agreed in 18 principle on the settlement, ultimately all of the firms, 19 save one, who is Mr. Dias' counsel who is here, Mr. Antonelli, but 17 firms were involved in the ETF litigation 20 21 process in support of the settlement, and those are the ones 22 listed in our fee application and settlement approval. 23 These are the lawyers that know these issues all well and the pitfalls and the strengths of this litigation. 24 25 With respect to the settlement, it was a hard

fought negotiation. There are certain things unique to 1 2 AT&T, which are different than some of the other defendants, 3 not only their policy and procedures with respect to ETFs, but they had a different size of an ETF as to some of the 4 5 carriers. Their ETF was a hundred-fifty or a 6 hundred-and-seventy-five depending on the jurisdiction. 7 T-Mobile's, for example, was 200. Sprint's was 150 to 200, and Verizon was 175, so that the size of ETFs made a 8 9 difference. 10 Also, AT&T had many markets in which it actually 11 had a prorated ETF during the class period, so all of those 12 factors were considered in terms of the settlement. The \$18 13 million that they had agreed to pay we think compares 14 favorably to the T-Mobile settlement of which was 13 and a 15 half million, and Sprint's was 17 and a half, and the 16 largest carrier, Verizon, was 22 million. 17 With respect to the AT&T settlement, as your Honor 18 knows, it is 16 million in cash, which is no reversion. 19 either goes to the class, or if any is left over, it is 20 going to cy pres, not to the defendant. It's \$2 million in 21 calling cards. 22 Just to clarify that, with respect to the 2 23 million, that is the retail value. Each card has 200 24 minutes. The retail value is 14 dollars, so up to 2 million 25 can be claimed based on the retail value, and that is

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         significantly greater than somewhat -- some of the other
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         settlements --
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                  THE COURT: You said up to 200 million or 2
         million?
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                  MR. STRANGE: 2 million, excuse me.
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                  They have agreed to a two-year injunction against
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         the flat rate ETFs, and they have agreed with respect to the
 8
         subscriber class that they have the ability to convert from
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         the flat rate ETF to a pro rata ETF, should they choose.
                  Those latter parts of this settlement, the two-year
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         injunction and the ability to convert are not -- although
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         they are worth we think substantial sums, they weren't
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         considered in the 18-million-dollar figure.
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                  With respect to the notice program, your Honor, I
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         think Mr. Connolly can better speak to that, but suffice it
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         to say that we considered other settlements, and that we
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         think this notice program is as good, if not better, than
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         any of the other notice programs. We sent out over 27
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         million individual notices, 25 million --
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         25-million-900-something-thousand in the invoice is included
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         in that --
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                  THE COURT: How many?
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                  MR. STRANGE: 25,978,568.
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                  And, your Honor, we also -- at some point AT&T
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         discovered they had not sent out Spanish notices, so we
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actually continued this hearing, and we sent out 729,000 notices in Spanish. So after that substantial notice program, we only received 23 objections, which we think we have addressed in our papers.

With respect to the Girsh factors, your Honor, the first one being the complexity and duration of the cases, I think that was covered in my initial remarks. Suffice it to say that over six years of litigation and very complex issues with respect to arbitration that occurred in the AT&T case, so the stage of the proceedings has advanced.

As I indicated, one of the cases, the State Court cases, actually have been certified. But probably one of the more significant issues, which your Honor is well aware of, is that in a liquidated damage case, to the extent that we proved that this penalty is illegal, AT&T has a claim for damages as against the class members.

In fact, in my Waldmann case they had asserted counterclaims. We know based on history with respect to the Ayyad versus Sprint case, that the jury in fact returned damages that arguably were greater than the damages assessed against the defendant.

So there were substantial risks to the class of getting nothing, should this case proceed. There is still a substantial risk with respect to arbitration, your Honor.

One thing not noted here, notwithstanding our victory, is

1 that the U.S. Supreme Court has recently accepted cert on a 2 case dealing with the issue of arbitration, and we -- I 3 believe it was AT&T -- so that issue is not entirely to bed, although I would like to tell you that it is. So that was 4 5 still a risk for the class, and then establishing damages is 6 also a tricky issue in this case. 7 So when you consider all of those facts together and the fact that AT&T had various policies with respect to 8 9 implementing the --10 THE COURT: What? 11 MR. STRANGE: -- had various policies with respect 12 to where they implemented the ETF, whether flat or pro rata, 13 we think this is an excellent settlement for the class. 14 I personally have been litigating these types of classes for 15 25 years, and in my opinion, Judge Wolfson did an incredible job in putting this together with AT&T and Mr. Cecchi's 16 17 assistance. We think this is a settlement that should be 18 approved, and it is an excellent result. 19 Thank you, your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Mr. Connolly? 21 MR. CONNOLLY: Thank you, your Honor. 22 William Connolly for defendant, AT&T Mobility. 23 Your Honor, we wrote quite a bit about the notice 24 program in our briefing, so I won't go through every element unless your Honor has specific points you want me to hit, 25

but I would just like to pick up on what Mr. Strange said and just highlight two instances in which we felt our notice program was stronger than the other settlements that you have previously given final approval to, the Sprint and T-Mobile settlements, the Sprint settlement being in this same action, and the T-Mobile settlement being in the Milliron action also before your Honor. With respect to the Sprint settlement, your Honor,

With respect to the Sprint settlement, your Honor, your Honor may recall there was some question as to what work Sprint could do by way of identifying former customers to receive direct notice.

I am a little bit by Plato's cave because I couldn't see some of the under seal declarations that got bandied around a bit, but I saw what your Honor said about them. I guess there was a question as to whether Sprint could do that work.

T-Mobile did do that work, and we are akin to

T-Mobile in that we went into our billing system to identify

additional people to get direct notice, so that is one

respect in which I would say that our program was stronger

than Sprint's. Again, not to criticize Sprint's, but just

to say we stand a little bit higher.

Second, with respect to T-Mobile, our publication notice plan is a little stronger as evidenced by Tiffaney A. Allen, Rust Consulting's declaration, in that we substituted

"USA Weekend" for "USA Today," which resulted in greater
circulation and greater reach of the settlement.

Also, with respect to the bill insert portion of the notice program, I believe the T-Mobile settlement restricted that to certain customers within their current subscriber base, and we sent it to all of our customers who received bills from us, both paper bill inserts, the people who received their bills in paper, and by emails to customers who received their bills electronically. That is with respect to notice.

Just a few minor items, your Honor. Your Honor had asked about the duration of the mediation. Our two sessions with Judge Douglas Wolfson were August 11th and August 27th. Then there were also phone calls with him in between those two dates, and then after those dates before filing, I think it was September 15th, if I remember correctly, was the day that we filed the settlement papers and a motion for preliminary approval with your Honor.

Your Honor, also to pick up on something Mr.

Strange said just about what we viewed as different factors in our case with respect to defending against these claims, and again, we are settling and not trying the case, so I will spare you my closing argument unless you would like it. But the significance of the fact that our ETF was less than other carriers in just absolute dollar terms, is that, as

1 Mr. Strange said, there is a right to recover actual damages 2 in the event an early termination fee would be invalidated, 3 and with a lower dollar ETF than other carriers, we would have a lower hurdle before our actual damages were more than 4 the amount of the ETF charge, so that is the significance at 5 6 that point in our view. 7 Another point just with respect to the prorated ETF, Mr. Strange mentioned that that was a significant 8 9 factor in our defense simply because it made our class 10 smaller. 11 We were unique among all of the national carriers, 12 and that for a great portion of the class period, we 13 actually had two different ETF policies in the United 14 States. 15 We had a number of markets, almost half of the 16 country, where we had a prorated ETF, and then we had the 17 rest of the country, our customers had flat ETFs. And flat 18 ETFs are the ETFs that have been challenged in all of these 19 cases that your Honor has heard about in our settlement and 20 the cases that preceded us in this court. None of those 21 cases have ever dealt with prorated ETFs. 22 So, again, just in terms of how big was the case 23 against us, we had a large number of our customers who just simply were not part of it as opposed to other carriers. 24 With respect to the benefits, again, we laid it out 25

in the briefing, so I won't rehash it all, but there is

strong individual benefits. They have value, both monetary

benefits and non monetary benefits. I would say, again,

similar to T-Mobile. I had the benefit of watching and

learning as these two cases preceded us in this court, and

similar to T-Mobile, we offered, which Sprint could not, the

opportunity to convert to a prorated ETF.

Your Honor, you didn't want to hear about attorneys' fees today, and I won't have much to say about them in any event on my side of the aisle here, but I will just note under that the preliminary approval order and the settlement agreement, this Court and your Honor is the exclusive forum for resolving attorneys' fees issues for class counsel and ETF counsel.

In our briefing, your Honor, finally just two points. As your Honor has seen, these cases are not necessarily over before or after your Honor makes a final ruling on final approval. There have been motions for injunction in each of the two settlements that preceded this case. We have already filed one with respect to the Colisimo action. That case was then voluntarily withdrawn by those counsel, the Faruqi & Faruqi firm, and Scott Bursor, who are part of the settlement, have joined in it. They filed a case which is covered by the settlement.

Although our motion for injunction was mooted by

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the fact they voluntarily dismissed the case, I have heard
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         nothing to suggest they won't simply bring it once final
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         approval is granted, and we could come back at that time and
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         have that injunction fight, but those issues are before your
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                 The briefing is before your Honor. I would ask your
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         Honor to take a look at it and clarify your final approval
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         order that this settlement does not distinguish on the basis
         of what device the customer contracted for that had a flat
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         ETF associated with it.
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                  We made an argument in our final approval papers.
         In addition to our previous injunction papers, we served it
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         on counsel in the Colisimo case, who are also ETF counsel,
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         joined in the settlement, so they would know that I planned
         to show up here today and say it, and now I have, your
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15
         Honor.
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                  Lastly, your Honor, a second issue like that is we
         have a young gentleman, Mr. Velez-Colon in Puerto Rico --
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                  THE COURT: In Puerto Rico, right.
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                  MR. CONNOLLY: -- and who has, to be charitable,
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         had a bad experience --
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                  THE COURT: Wait a minute. Let's go back.
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                  The settlement does not distinguish based on the
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         type of equipment that was being used, is that what you are
24
         saying --
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                  MR. CONNOLLY: Yes, your Honor.
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                  THE COURT: -- the Blackberry type thing or a cell
 2
         phone, is that what you are --
 3
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Exactly, your Honor.
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                  The premise of the Colisimo lawsuit was that -- if
 5
         you would excuse me, your Honor, I just wanted to grab
 6
         something out of my bag.
 7
                  THE COURT: Okay.
 8
                  Does the settlement agreement, though, address that
9
         issue --
                  MR. CONNOLLY: The cell --
10
11
                  THE COURT: -- or is it silent?
12
                  MR. CONNOLLY: It is silent. It does not speak in
13
         terms of what devices are or are not covered.
14
                  It just says anybody who has had a wireless
15
         telephone account with AT&T Mobility, who has had a flat
16
         rate ETF, correspondingly the release, your Honor, talks in
17
         terms of releasing all claims relating to ETFs in fixed term
18
         subscriber agreements. And the Colisimo case, your Honor,
19
         suggested that it would be a class action only on behalf of
         people who had this device I am holding in my hand, which is
20
21
         a wireless laptop card. You put this into the side of your
22
         laptop computer, and it lets you use the internet over a
23
         wireless network as opposed to an overall Wifi network or,
         you know, plugging it into the wall in your office.
24
25
                  What we showed in our papers in the Colisimo case
```

through declarations and the exhibits and the contractual 1 2 documents of Mr. Colisimo himself is that AT&T has one kind 3 of account regardless of device. Mr. Colisimo himself had contracted both for 4 5 phones -- this is an iPhone. He had contracted for a 6 Blackberry. He had contracted for a wireless data card. 7 All of those have the same kinds of contracts. All of those 8 have wireless telephone numbers associated with them. 9 actually what we also showed in our papers, and I won't bore you with the demonstration today, but there are little cards 10 11 in all of these that are interchangeable, so that I could 12 actually take the card out of this - and Jen and I actually 13 did it in the attorney conference room before we came in here today - and I could take the card out of here and pop 14 15 it into this phone and make calls with the phone number that 16 is associated with this. 17 So that devices are actually interchangeable. And 18 once you've signed up for an agreement, and again, we showed 19 this in our declarations, there is no -- AT&T does not track what device you are using, nor does the fact that you may 20 21 change devices change your underlying term contract, so that is the Colisimo issue, your Honor. 22 23 THE COURT: Okay. 24 MR. CONNOLLY: Then with respect to Mr. Velez-Colon, he has filed a lawsuit in Puerto Rico

25

originally arising out of a bad customer experience with 1 2 T-Mobile, but then at some point has added allegations on 3 behalf of classes against every major wireless carrier, and 4 I think I am just the first to come see you, your Honor, 5 since he has done this. 6 In our experience, our limited experience with him 7 so far, is we have seen that he has been willing to dismiss defendants who have been improperly joined, if somebody can 8 9 show him a basis to do that. 10 He has dismissed some other defendants, not the ones that have been before your Honor, but some other 11 12 wireless telephone companies. Our hope is that rather than 13 having to come back to you with an injunction application down the road, if we could just simply show him that, yes, 14 15 this has been addressed and Puerto Rico customers are being 16 included in this class, that that might be enough to help us avoid that application, and on that front --17 18 THE COURT: Wait, wait. 19 What would you expect the Court to do, to find that, I guess in your world, you would want me to say that 20 this settlement includes all current and former AT&T 21 subscribers, right, that contain a flat ETF? 22 23 MR. CONNOLLY: That's right, your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Regardless (a) of what device that is, 25 the other case --

```
1
                  MR. CONNOLLY: That's right.
 2
                  THE COURT: -- and then that that class of people
 3
         includes the Purto Rico customers as well?
 4
                  MR. CONNOLLY: That is right, your Honor. They are
 5
         included.
 6
                  And on that count, your Honor, we disseminated
         notice in Puerto Rico.
 7
                  THE COURT: I note that you received claims, right?
 8
9
                  MR. CONNOLLY: We have received claims from Puerto
10
         Rico. I have reviewed exclusion requests from Puerto Rico.
11
                  I will be honest. My Spanish is at Sesame Street
12
         level, so I couldn't tell you everything they say. That is
13
         the claims administrator who translates them, but I can
14
         recognize Puerto Rico addresses and exclusion requests, and
15
         we have received those. We are processing claims from them.
         You know, we would intend to continue to do so.
16
17
                  THE COURT: So it includes all Puerto Rico
18
         customers. You are requesting the Court to indicate in its
19
         final approval opinion, if I do approve it, that it includes
         all Puerto Rico customers that fall into the definition of
20
21
         the class.
22
                  MR. CONNOLLY: That's right, your Honor.
23
                  THE COURT: You are not asking for an injunction at
24
         this point, because you expect that what will happen then is
         that he will withdraw --
25
```

```
1
                  MR. CONNOLLY: My hope would be that I would go to
 2
         him and say -- he has given us an indication, if you can
 3
         show me that this is not a proper claim for me to be
 4
         asserting, I will withdraw it.
 5
                  Independent of that, I have seen other defendants
 6
         he has withdrawn as to them, so I have some hope that he is
 7
         capable of having a dialog with us.
                  THE COURT: Because he has other claims he wants to
 8
9
         pursue, it doesn't necessarily have to be an ETF.
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Oh, understood. Although, your
10
11
         Honor, the only claims he is asserting against my client,
12
         AT&T Mobility, are ETF claims.
13
                  He has a separate set of claims relating to his
14
         experiences with T-Mobile, and those are in this complaint,
15
         and I'm not -- that is not my issue.
16
                  THE COURT: Is he pro se?
17
                  MR. CONNOLLY: I'm sorry?
18
                  THE COURT: Is he pro se?
19
                  MR. CONNOLLY: He is pro se, your Honor.
20
                  THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
21
                  Anything else?
22
                  MR. CONNOLLY: No, your Honor.
23
                  Thank you.
24
                  (Court and Clerk confer)
25
                  THE COURT: Okay.
```

```
1
                  State your name for the record and who you
 2
        represent.
 3
                  MR. ANTONELLI: Good afternoon, your Honor.
                  Joseph Antonelli on behalf of the Dias plaintiffs,
 4
 5
         the Los Angeles Superior Court action.
 6
                  Your Honor --
 7
                  THE COURT: Wait, wait, wait, wait.
        Plaintiffs in Los Angeles?
 8
                  MR. ANTONELLI: Yes.
9
                  THE COURT: Just bear with me one second.
10
11
                  Is Mr. Dias either a member of the class, or does
12
        he have standing is what I am getting at.
13
                  MR. ANTONELLI: Yes. It's Ms. Dias. She has --
14
                  THE COURT: How does she qualify as a member of the
15
       class?
16
                  MR. ANTONELLI: She was an AT&T customer, and she
        was also assessed an ETF --
17
18
                  THE COURT: So she paid it?
19
                  MR. ANTONELLI: Actually I can't recall. I have
20
         two clients, both Ms. Dias and Ms. Day, and they were
21
        both --
22
                  THE COURT: She was either assessed an ETF or paid
23
        an ETF?
24
                  MR. ANTONELLI: That's correct, and they both
25
        received a notice package and have not objected. I am not
```

1 here as an objector, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. ANTONELLI: Your Honor, my position is that 4 we -- according to the settlement agreement, you know, our 5 case was an ETF related case, so we submitted our fees and 6 costs package to Mr. Strange and Mr. Cecchi, which we did. 7 We submitted everything timely and, you know, we -- I have been kind of frustrated, and I explained that to both 8 9 plaintiffs' counsel today because they basically ignored my 10 request to talk and to try to work something out. 11 I notice Mr. Strange said he worked out an 12 agreement with everybody, but he never has even spoken to 13 me, and that was my main contention, and the only reason I 14 flew out from California is because I felt like I was being 15 ignored. 16 We had spent seven years litigating the case. 17 have got a substantial amount of time into it, over 1500 18 hours, which would be a lodestar of 890,000 in costs of over 19 41,000, which the cost has gone up now because of the trip 20 out here. 21 When I had a conversation with Mr. Cecchi probably about a week ago or maybe ten days ago, he was not able or 22 23 not willing to speak with me until Mr. Strange and I and him could all get together on a conference call, and he promised 24 25 to call me back.

```
1
                  When I spoke to Mr. Cecchi this morning, he said,
 2
         "Well, I thought you were supposed to call me."
 3
                  The bottom line is we just never spoke. I
 4
         submitted a lot of email correspondence that I believe is
         Exhibit 14. It would be pushing the issue -- let's just
 5
 6
         talk.
 7
                  So I guess the biggest gripe from Dias and the Day
         plaintiffs are the substantial amount of work. I realize it
 8
9
         is not worth $890,000. That is not what I am asking for. I
         explained that to Mr. Cecchi, you know, this morning or this
10
         afternoon, right before the hearing for the first time the
11
12
         three of us got to talk about this. I have faith that we
13
         will work something out. We will be able to discuss this.
14
                  THE COURT: I think I know.
15
                  Why can't you talk?
16
                  MR. CECCHI: We absolutely can talk, your Honor,
         and we --
17
18
                  THE COURT: Here is what I am going to do:
19
                  I will direct you three to have a conversation
         within the next week or so and see if this matter can be
20
21
         resolved. Let the Court know if it has been resolved and
         what your proposal is, so that in the event the settlement
22
23
         is approved, I will deal with it.
                  If you can't, I will have to make a call when I
24
         decide the attorneys' fees. You made your submission.
25
```

```
Certainly I am not going to ignore you. You have a
 1
 2
         litigation that has been pending. You have done work.
 3
         question is the apportionment. Talk it over with counsel.
                  I am directing counsel to talk to him. Let's not
 4
 5
         ignore him.
 6
                  I assume that is the relief you wanted from this
 7
         Court today.
8
                  MR. ANTONELLI: That's correct, your Honor. That's
9
         perfect.
                  Your Honor, if we could have until July 15th
10
         because I do have vacation plans. When I return --
11
12
                  THE COURT: You are the one who is in a hurry to
13
         talk, and now you want more time?
14
                  (Laughter)
15
                  MR. CECCHI: I am not available on July 15th, so --
                  MR. ANTONELLI: I will talk on my vacation then.
16
17
                  THE COURT: Get back to the Court by July 15th.
18
                  MR. ANTONELLI: Thank you, your Honor.
19
                  THE COURT: Okay.
20
                  The other attorney, please?
21
                  MR. LAVERY: Good morning, your Honor -- oh, good
22
         afternoon.
23
                  THE COURT: I was going to say --
24
                  (Laughter)
25
                  MR. LAVERY: I am appearing here today on behalf of
```

```
1
         Christopher Langone, L-a-n-g-o-n-e, for the record.
 2
                  Mr. Langone is a class member in two ways. Back in
 3
         '03, he paid AT&T, his current wireless, with respect to
         Account No. 003143002 --
 4
 5
                  THE COURT: So he paid an ETF?
 6
                  MR. LAVERY: Yes. As part of the final settlement
         of his bill, he was charged, assessed and paid --
 7
 8
                  THE COURT: What is your name again?
9
                  MR. LAVERY: What is that?
10
                  THE COURT: What is your name again?
11
                  MR. LAVERY: It's Mark Lavery, L-a-v-e-r-y.
12
                  THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Lavery.
13
                  MR. LAVERY: And --
14
                  THE COURT: I think I called you "Lavery" before.
15
                  MR. LAVERY: Yes.
16
                  THE COURT: I'm sorry about that.
17
                  MR. LAVERY: That is fine. That's how my
18
         grandmother pronounces it.
19
                  THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Lavery.
20
                  MR. LAVERY: Your Honor, we are here today to
21
         primarily object to the settlement agreement specifically,
22
         not to the common fund, but to paragraph two of that
23
         agreement, which is the distribution of the fund.
24
                  This agreement that was negotiated allows you to
         separately enter orders with respect to the distribution
25
```

directly going to that. In Article 3 settlement class relief, paragraph one states that what the common fund will be. Paragraph two distribution of the common fund says that the aggregate fees, costs and expenses shall be paid from the common fund consistent with the provisions of Article 6 of the settlement agreement. The remainder of the common fund shall be distributed pursuant to a plan of allocation to be adopted by the Court separately from the approval of the settlement.

We believe that is very important because you can today approve the \$18 million. It doesn't seem like there's much objection to the amount in light of the risks, which I would like to say for the record, there is this new risk of the U.S. Supreme Court accepting cert, and in light of Rennen Center and in light of still Neilson, there are serious issues, but there is also the risk, ATTM, of passage of the Arbitration Fairness Act, which is pending before Congress and could have retroactive applicability and completely invalidate arbitration as a liability shield in these types of cases. So there are risks on both sides, but that is not really the substance. There is always compromise in these kinds of cases.

But what we are talking about is since this is sort of the last chance hotel, at least for ATTM subscribers with respect to the ETF, we believe it is very important that

your Honor maximize the distribution of the common fund to 1 2 class members. We believe there is some rather simple 3 changes you can make to effectively do that. I would first like to point out that these 4 5 objections that we are making today can be testified, if you 6 would like to, under oath, as part of the evidentiary 7 hearing, but they were started in its original -- Mr. 8 Langone's original objection letter. 9 I think the most important is the distribution of 10 the fund, especially with respect to cy pres and what amount the plaintiffs' allocation gives. 11 12 What we would like you to do is get rid of the 13 damages cap - what we call the damages cap - which is in 14 this plan of allocation proposed by class counsel. 15 This would -- basically there are, as you can see 16 from their distribution, they have a chart that basically where you can get from 25 to 140 based on how many months 17 18 there were in the time. 19 THE COURT: Right. MR. LAVERY: First of all, we think that is very 20 21 onerous with respect to the class members --22 THE COURT: Why? 23 MR. LAVERY: -- because this class goes back over 24 ten years, and they may not remember. They may not have 25 those records. They may have a recollection, yeah, I paid

it, but they don't recall or they didn't save the proof.

I mean, we are talking about a maximum loss of \$175 here. Most consumers, and we are talking about millions of consumers, don't save that kind of paperwork.

So the thing is is that the way it is structured currently, they have the burden of proof, which their lawyer should be doing, not them, and then it is cross-checked by the class administrator, who has got the information, so we think that is a very onerous requirement and basically you can simplify the claim form. That's the guidelines, the National Association of Consumer Advocates talk a lot about claim forms, and that simplicity is better.

We think here, if you send an email with a certification, hey, I paid it, and then the claims administrator says, yeah, they paid it, we think the simplest way to distribute the fund then is pro rata, which is done in many, many, many class actions.

There is no need for this kind of scaled work, which is -- I feel it is like we are dealing with an insurance company here, and it is basically set up to reduce the distribution of the class and increase the distribution of the cy pres, which is inappropriate under class action jurisprudence, and I will get to that later, but just let me talk about the structure here.

We got a \$16 million cash fund. Based on the prior

```
claimant, we are expecting probably around 40 to 50,000
 1
 2
         claims to come in based on T-Mobile and Sprint and the
 3
         similar cases that have already gone through that process.
 4
                  So the typical argument against our approach that
 5
         has been -- that class counsel interestingly has argued
 6
         against us from, and we think that presents a potential
 7
         conflict, but we can get into that with respect to fees,
         which I know you want to bracket, but getting back to that,
 8
9
         the question is -- there is not going to be any kind of
         windfall. It is very important for the Court to consider
10
         the broadness of the release here.
11
12
                  You are not just giving up your ETF claim. You are
13
         giving up any claim against ATTM --
14
                  THE COURT: Wait. You meant to the ETF --
15
                  MR. LAVERY: -- well, there is a dispute as to the
16
         scope of the release, I believe --
17
                  THE COURT: Well, if you look at the language, it
18
         says any claim or potential claim defense, et cetera, that
19
         is related to or involving ETF, something to that effect. I
         am not reading it. I am just going from memory.
20
21
                  MR. LAVERY: We believe the hazy area is in the
         Alemada County litigation, they have added -- within the
22
23
         banner of In Re Cell Phone Litigation, there is now an ATTM
         blocking settlement going on under the banner that related
24
25
         litigation, so to the extent of what the scope of the
```

release is here, we believe it is very unclear, but 1 2 nevertheless, even with respect to ETF, there is a very 3 broad release with respect to ancillary claims that could be related to ETF. For example, credit damages, collection 4 5 agencies are assigned these debts, and they put it on your 6 credit report. One of the class members who was pro se 7 complained about that. 8 Now, if he is claiming in, he will certainly be 9 giving up any ability under --10 THE COURT: Those claims are not included --11 MR. LAVERY: -- to the extent they are related to 12 the ETF, they would be. If the only credit damages because 13 of an ETF late charge was put on your credit report, then we 14 think that would definitely come within the scope. 15 But there are also claims that are not ancillary 16 related or directly related that are being released for 17 statutory damages and for punitive damages. In the State of 18 New York, for example, you can get the greater of \$500 as 19 long as you have some actionable damages. 20 The point here is that there is not going to be any 21 windfall, if you get rid of their plan of allocation and do what we are proposing, which is just the pro rata. 22 23 THE COURT: How would the pro rata work? 24 MR. LAVERY: Essentially what we would see is that basically people would claim in, either electronically or 25

through paper, and then the claims administrator would just 1 2 make sure that it had some validity, that their records 3 checked out. 4 And then once we get all of those claims in, at the end of that period, 90 days, there is a pro rata 5 6 distribution allowed for a pro rata amount for all people 7 who claimed into that cash fund, and that is fairly easy for 8 the claims administrator to do. It is done in many class 9 actions. So at the end of the 90 days, they'd give the 10 report. They'd say there was 50,000 people. You got 16 11 12 million to distribute, which is our position, but we will 13 get into that later, and then you would just give the pro 14 rata share. 15 If 50,000 people claim in, there's not going to be 16 any windfall. It's not going to be more than a couple of 17 hundred dollars. It would be less than your statutory 18 damages under New York law certainly, and they are going to 19 show that there are real damages there. 20 So basically -- this will promote mutuality because 21 this is what's going to happen. Let's say there's an extremely high -- let's say somebody gets on Face Book and 22 23 promotes this, and we get a hundred-thousand or 200,000.

Then there is a pro rata reduction already structured into

the agreement, so there's -- and then if you get five

24

25

dollars, if it reduces down to five dollars, people get no
cash. It all goes, I believe, to cy pres or cards. I am
not sure how it works.

But the point is, let's say that the threshold gets down to \$21 for everybody, even the people who would have qualified for 140, there is just a pro rata reduction at that point, so it is already structured in.

We want mutuality. If it's 50,000, it should all go to them rather than cy pres. If there's less or if there's more than the agreement already contemplates, then they're going to get a pro rata smaller reduction.

The policy justifications for a cy pres are completely absent in this case. Cy pres is inconsistent almost always with a claim in the settlement because you know exactly who is getting the money and exactly who was damaged, and there is really no issue except for the issue of like unclaimed checks. Sometimes if you gave out checks, and nobody cashed the checks, then maybe sometimes a cy pres remedy at that point could be appropriate. But that is probably what's not going to happen here based on what we have seen in Sprint and the other cases.

If I can get you some -- there is some really good case law from the 7th Circuit on this issue for your reference, Simer vs. Rios, S-i-m-e-r, v. Rios, 661 F.2d, 655. That is from the 7th Circuit in 1981.

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THE COURT: 661 F.2d?
 1
 2
                  MR. LAVERY: Yeah. It's 661 F.2d 655 at 675.
 3
                  There's also Cicelski, C-i-c-e-l-s-k-i, vs. Sears
         Robuck & Company.
 4
 5
                  THE COURT: Wait. C-i-c --
 6
                  MR. LAVERY: C-i-c-e-l-s-k-i.
 7
                  THE COURT: Versus who?
8
                  MR. LAVERY: Versus Sears Robuck & Company.
9
                  THE COURT: What is the cite on that?
                  MR. LAVERY: 1984, 132 Mich. AP they're citing in
10
         this case, in the Simer case, 132 Mich. AP 298 at 304 to
11
12
         305 --
13
                  THE COURT: What are you going to tell me --
14
                  MR. LAVERY: -- and that's 338 Northwest 2nd --
15
                  THE COURT: -- that these cases --
16
                  MR. LAVERY: -- basically that the point here is
         that the mechanism -- that a cy pres fluid recovery is a
17
18
         procedural device to avoid manageability problems in the
19
         calculation and distribution of damages in large class
20
         actions. Examples of such problems are where the person is
21
         not injured or not likely to come forward and prove their
         claims, and where such persons cannot be given notice of the
22
23
         case.
24
                  And those problems existed back in the seventies
25
         and eighties, but with the technology that we have today,
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```
1
         obviously these people can be found. They can be found on
 2
         the internet. They can be emailed notice. They can be
 3
         given notice all of these ways. There is already an
 4
         internet website set up for people that electronically claim
         in, so the cy pres remedy is just something that is of the
 5
 6
         past and should not be contemplated in this case. The
         entire fund should go to the claimants.
 7
                  There is also Gordon vs. Boden, an Illinois case.
 8
9
         It could be found at 586 Northeast 2nd 461. That is the
         First District of Illinois Appellate Court (1991).
10
11
                  THE COURT: 586 Northeast 2nd what?
12
                  MR. LAVERY: 461.
13
                  THE COURT: All right.
14
                  Look, so you would like to see the settlement
         approved, but do away with the cy pres provision, put all of
15
16
         that money, all of the money going to the class on a pro
17
         rata basis?
18
                  MR. LAVERY: Yes.
19
                  THE COURT: Okay. I got it.
20
                  MR. LAVERY: Going on to my next point. Now, with
21
         respect to attorneys' fees --
22
                  THE COURT: Don't those things go to just the
23
         settlement being better, but doesn't necessarily make it
24
         unreasonable the way it is?
                  MR. LAVERY: What, the plaintiffs' allocation?
25
```

1 THE COURT: Yes. 2 MR. LAVERY: The plaintiffs' allocation as 3 currently structured is unreasonable because of the fact 4 that the attorneys want 6 million based on an undistributed 5 fund, okay? 6 They want one-third of the money that goes to 7 charity. That is unreasonable. They are not here to help charity. They are here to help real class members who were 8 9 paid and charged real penalty fees that have been litigated 10 for almost ten years. 11 Of course, Mr. Langone has familiarity with that, 12 because he has -- he currently as well for the last ten 13 years has litigated early termination late fee litigation 14 against Blockbuster Video that still continues and 15 personally knows Paul Weiss and Freed Weiss and Phil Boch, 16 not Boch and Cash, but formally of Freed Weiss, and that is 17 a whole different issue. 18 They are not here, interestingly enough, and we 19 understand you don't want to deal with attorneys' fees and then we think that is appropriate. We think there needs to 20 21 be an evidentiary hearing. There is very significant issues with the way that this was structured. 22 23 Basically it is our position with respect to that, 24 that there is some overreaching here, because if we look at 25 the way that Sprint and the other cases shook out, you will

have about 50,000 people claiming in, maybe for about a 2 25-dollar benefit, so that the recovery to the class is only 3 going to be about \$1.5 million.

And then in this case, let's see, if we extrapolated the numbers the same, there is about 1.5 million that will go to the real class members, 2 million in the subscriber cards, so we are talking about 3.5 million actual to the class, but they are asking for double that in fees, 6 million, so we believe it is patently unreasonable. They can't be given a big credit for a huge cy pres, and that is why that plan of allocation is unreasonable.

Now, going back to the attorneys' fees issue, just for the record, there has been a memorandum of law filed by mail with the Court, and they have replied to that on ETF.

There was a June 17th letter objecting to fees, and there was previously the original March 24th, 2010 objection, which also objected to fees, and those have all been briefed here. But we believe that under the In Re Agent Orange case, which they cite to as authority for them, that there has definitely got to be some very, very important examination, even including that evidentiary hearing with Paul Weiss here and Brad Lakin here, and Phil Boch here, because under In Re Agent Orange, it talks about the importance of cross-examination when it comes to class action fees, and in this kind of case we believe it is very,

1 very important. 2 If I could give you the highlights since we have 3 traveled here, I don't want to go on to an area you don't 4 want to look at --5 THE COURT: Well, I don't want to look at 6 attorneys' fees right now because I have to make a 7 preliminary decision whether I am even going to have a 8 hearing or just argument in which case you will get to argue 9 it again. 10 I mean, I will tell you what I will do. Since you traveled here, I will give you a couple of minutes, and that 11 12 is it on this, if you want to tell me some highlight that 13 you want me to look at. 14 You already went into it when you were talking 15 about the percentage that is being asked for vis-a-vis the 16 funds that actually will be distributed to the class 17 members --18 MR. LAVERY: I guess the first thing I would say 19 that's most important to get out to this Court is that there's -- we believe that the current settlement agreement 20 21 on fees, which, of course, does not harm the 18 million, you 22 could give one dollar in attorneys' fees, and the settlement 23 still goes through. There is no bust-out clause, if there 24 is no threshold, you can give zero fees, if you want, and that is clear in the settlement agreement. 25

As a preliminary issue, Rule 23A says that in a class action, fees can either be given, if they are authorized by law, or if they are authorized by an agreement. With respect to authorized by law, we believe that they are not authorized by law under the Rules of Professional Conduct.

The first structural problem is a violation of Rule 1.15, safeguarding of property. When there is a dispute about attorney fees, which there is, which counsel for Dias indicated there is a clear dispute going on, they need to —they cannot get paid early. There is a very odd feature in this settlement that I have unfortunately seen develop in class settlements recently where the lawyers get paid first even before the appeal deadline.

In 15 days ATTM is going to cut a check for \$6 million to class counsel in this case before this thing has been resolved, and the class members can't get their claims paid until all of the appeals are settled. So you got this bizarre situation, where they get 6 million upfront, but then the case continues for years for the actual people that they represented. I mean structurally, I think you should take a stand and show that those kinds of settlement should never be purported because it just doesn't make sense.

The whole promise that they will pay it back to the class, if it's later harmed on appeal, just doesn't seem to

make pragmatic sense, because it is a taxable event, so the 6 million immediately is going to get eaten up the Federal Government and so that's going to harm their ability to pay it back. And then the next thing is if there's no insurance or bond that they give, and then there's the issue of insolvency.

Right now Freed & Weiss and Brad Lakin in the Lakin Chapman firm, as it's currently called, and Phil Boch in the Boch & Hatch firm, as it's currently called, are at odds in an arbitration over the breach of a settlement related to the Kinkel litigation, and they're all -- and Phil Boch and Eric Freed and Paul Weiss are still in the Circuit Court in Cook County in litigation over their fees in this case.

That is completely undisclosed to the Court and it needs to be examined, because under Rule 1.5, there is an illegal -- there is a prohibited fee split. 1.5 prohibits the type of agreement because there is basically some requirements,

The division needs to be in proportion to the work done. We don't know what the division is. It is concealed. There has not been given -- fee records given. We have asked for them, and they have not been given, and we can't assess the proportion without the actual time records, rather than these summaries.

I have reviewed personally time records of Paul Weiss in the Sprint case that are a public record, and he is

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1
         billing for class competition games. He is billing for
 2
         things like strategized --
 3
                  THE COURT: Counsel, that is another case --
                  MR. LAVERY: -- right, right -- what I mean is --
 4
 5
                  THE COURT: -- Counsel, if I start talking, you
 6
         have to stop --
 7
                  MR. LAVERY: Yes, your Honor.
8
                  THE COURT: -- the court reporter is not going to
9
         be able to take both of us down.
                  Don't tell me about what is happening in another
10
                I want to know what is happening here. All right?
11
         case.
12
                  Go ahead.
13
                  MR. LAVERY: If I may, that is a case. That was an
14
         exhibit to the Freed & Weiss versus Boch & Hatch litigation,
15
         which is about Cingular Wireless, now known as the ATTM
16
         litigation. That was an exhibit that they were showing
         about improper billing, so that is why I bring it up. It is
17
         related to this case, not that case.
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19
                  THE COURT: All right.
                  MR. LAVERY: Yeah. And the current litigation
20
21
         between Weiss and Lakin and Weiss and Boch centers on this
22
         case and what happened in Kinkel.
23
                  Just to let you know what happened in Kinkel is,
         yes, they achieved a big victory in the Supreme Court, which
24
25
         we would argue was stuff that had to do generally with
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arbitration, not specifically to that arbitration, but 1 2 nevertheless, after they won, Phil Boch wrote a letter to 3 Donna Kinkel basically saying, well, we're not going to work 4 with Paul Weiss any more, so you got to choose. Are you 5 going to stay with us and Lakin, or are you going to stay 6 with Freed & Weiss? 7 She checked she would stay with Lakin and with Phil Boch's firm, which was no surprise, since she is from 8 9 Madison County where Brad Lakin practices, so --THE COURT: Counsel, you are getting far afield. 10 11 MR. LAVERY: -- well, yes. We just wanted to 12 apprise the Court that we believe it is significant. 13 Getting back to our legal --14 THE COURT: Well, I said I would give you a little 15 leeway to talk about attorneys' fees. We are going to deal 16 with this on another day, so --17 MR. LAVERY: Okay. Then I got some simple points. 18 The next point is there is no written agreement 19 between ETF and class counsel, assuming joint responsibility. The ETF counsel, other than counsel for 20 21 Dias, is not before you and has not appeared in this case. Then, the only parties that have joint responsibility are 22 23 the co-counsel. 24 With respect to -- so it is that Rule 1.5 prohibits 25 this type of agreement. The case of In Re Agent Orange and

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that seminole case, which they cited actually, specifically
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 2
         says that fee sharing agreements of this type, where all
 3
         discretion is given to counsel to compensate attorneys that
         didn't do work on the case should be prohibited.
 4
 5
                  Then the final thing is Rule 23 as amended by CAFA,
 6
         it contemplates there is competition for lead counsel, and
 7
         that you will just pick the most adequate firm, and they're
         the ones who share in the bounty of attorneys' fees rather
 8
9
         than strangers to the litigation, like ETF counsel, the way
         it is structured here.
10
11
                  THE COURT: Thank you.
12
                  MR. LAVERY: Thank you very much.
13
                  THE COURT: Okay.
14
                  Are there any other attorneys here on behalf of any
15
         objectors?
16
                  All right. It is now 3:15. There are no other
17
         layers here today.
18
                  I will hear from Mr. Schroer. You have been
19
         patiently waiting.
20
                  MR. SCHROER: It's been very interesting.
21
                  THE COURT: It is nice to have you in my court,
22
         sir.
23
                  MR. SCHROER: Thank you.
24
                  Just for the record, my name is H.P. Schroer. I
         live in --
25
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1 THE COURT: Is it Schroer or Schroer? 2 MR. SCHROER: It's S-c-h-r-o-e-r. 3 I was a customer of AT&T Mobility in 2003 and was 4 charged an ETF. 5 First of all, I would like to thank the Court for 6 giving me an opportunity to address it in my opposition to 7 the settlement. 8 Secondly, since I am not an attorney, I know it is 9 not easy to deal with folks like me. I appreciate your 10 Court's indulgence. 11 THE COURT: No problem. 12 MR. SCHROER: Because of my being charged what I 13 considered an illegal charge, I refused to pay it. And 14 because of this, my ability to obtain credit has been 15 compromised for seven years. The low credit score created 16 by the credit reporting agencies has subjected me to 17 unconscionable interest rates, and I have been the victim of 18 unrelenting efforts from collection agencies to obtain their 19 pound of flesh. The most recent one was a matter of six 20 weeks ago. 21 Granted, I could have avoided all of this by simply 22 paying the ETF, but I was determined as a matter of 23 principle to make an effort to fight it. 24 From the inception of my individual complaint with the FCC in the early 2000s, I have been joined by millions 25

of others in the various class action cases across the 1 2 country. As the Court knows, I was named a class 3 representative in the Verizon class action case. The irony is although my questioning the legality 4 5 of the ETF has been vindicated over time, I and thousands of 6 others like me continue to be subject to the debilitating 7 effects of credit defamation caused by the ETF. While I recognize that no settlement will satisfy 8 9 all parties, it is my belief that any settlement should address the major concerns of those affected, and it should 10 11 be fair and reasonable to all, something the present 12 settlement fails to do. 13 Those who have made -- who paid an ETF are being 14 made whole by being reimbursed. However, I think that the 15 Court is entitled to some explanation on how the credit defamation issue, the major concern of those who did not pay 16 the ETF, is addressed and made whole by a cash settlement of 17 18 25 dollars. 19 Mr. Cecchi -- Cecchi? 20 MR. CECCHI: Yes. 21 MR. SCHROER: Mr. Cecchi's explanation that we have a right to opt out of the settlement and bring a suit 22 23 against AT&T is at best disingenuous. 24 Judging from the legal bills that he submitted by his firm, as well as all of the other firms, I think it is 25

safe to say that there are very few individuals who are in a 1 2 financial position to fight this issue through bringing a 3 personal suit on their own to the Court. THE COURT: You know, but there also could be 4 5 problems associated with being able to have a class of those 6 people as well because of the differences in personal damage 7 issues arising out of when your credit is affected, right? How would we be able to determine in a class --8 9 MR. SCHROER: I am not looking for an assessment of 10 damages. I am only looking for an option on the part of the individual to have that option, either accept the 25 11 12 dollars, or have AT&T notify the credit reporting agencies 13 that the ETF has been cancelled or settled. It has nothing 14 to do with how much -- what effect the condemnation of credit has against me or anybody else. That's an 15 16 entirely --17 THE COURT: You say part of the settlement should 18 include those people who refused to pay it --19 MR. SCHROER: Correct. 20 THE COURT: -- and whose credit has been affected, 21 right? 22 MR. SCHROER: Correct. 23 THE COURT: And then there should be an additional item in the settlement that allows you not just the option 24 25 for the money, but also that AT&T as a defendant in this

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case should notify the credit reporting bureaus? 2 MR. SCHROER: Not both. Either/or. 3 In effect, it would save AT&T money because they 4 wouldn't have to pay out 25 dollars. 5 It is my belief unless they were in unusual 6 circumstances, few, if any of us, would accept a 25-dollar 7 settlement against an option of having the credit reporting agencies notified that the ETF is settled. 8 9 I cite the herculean efforts of Gary L. Lamb -- I am tongue twisted here -- an individual who also objected, 10 and incidentally, he would like to have the option of having 11 12 the ETF -- the credit reporting agencies be notified that 13 this settlement -- the ETF has been settled. 14 When I asked the class attorney, Mr. Eckman, if any 15 of the class representatives were subject to credit defamation, I was advised this information was not available 16 to me because it was not relevant to my objection. 17 18 I believe it is, and I would like to have the 19 Court's opinion. I have submitted that information. 20 Unfortunately, our society in spite of tremendous 21 advances continues to exhibit prejudice towards those of color and certain ethnic backgrounds. I believe that there 22 23 is also a subliminal prejudice towards people who fail to pay their bills, and therefore, they are not afforded the 24 same treatment as others in similar circumstances. 25

In my defense and for all of those who may have not 1 2 paid their bill because of a matter of principle, I should 3 like the Court to consider the following: Mr. Fedor in his memorandum of law in response to 4 5 objection to the whole settlement, dated June 10th, states 6 that my argument is based on my own personal circumstances. 7 While that's certainly true, it is not unique to me, but to thousands of others. And to prove my point, I 8 9 asked the class attorney for the number of people who did not pay the ETF, yet filed a claim. 10 11 I was informed by Mr. Eckman it was not relevant to 12 my objection, and he refused me the information. 13 I believe it is not only relevant to me, but to the 14 Court as well. While I am not an attorney, neither is Mr. 15 Eckman a judge. And as I noted in my letter of June 11th to 16 him and to the Court, I await the Court's decision on my 17 request. 18 When I filed my objection to the settlement, it was 19 not my intent to sabotage the settlement, nor should my 20 action have been construed by any to disparage the effort of 21 all of those involved in the negotiations. I was naive in thinking that the option I was proposing would be given some 22 23 consideration by the counsels in the case. However, from the moment I filed the objection, I have been considered an 24 25 adversary by the class counsels.

Rather than their addressing their arguments 1 2 against the merits of the credit option, they have chosen to 3 question the legitimacy of my objection by demeaning my 4 motivation and refusing me information, which would help 5 reinforce my position, as well as be beneficial to the 6 courts in making their decisions. 7 I welcome the Court's opinion concerning my 8 rebuttal of their accusations, and I look forward to its 9 decision. As I stated in my rebuttal, I have always from day 10 one been concerned with the defamation of the credit issue 11 12 when I first started my fight on the legality of the ETF 13 with Verizon. 14 This was done in spite of the fact that Verizon 15 cancelled the charge to me. As I explained through the Verizon -- though the Verizon settlement did not include any 16 17 credit option, it was negotiated during a period when all 18 class actions were being threatened to be usurped by the 19 FCC. I and others spoke before the FCC in 2008, and due to 20 our combined efforts, we were successful in defeating the 21 cell phone providers' petition to have the FCC intercede. 22 Therefore, today, no negotiated settlement is under 23 the gun to settle for anything less than one which addresses the concerns of most and is fair and reasonable to all. 24 25 Again, I ask the Court: What does 25 dollars do

towards changing a low credit score? 1 2 Sadly nothing. 3 Because of low credit scores created by the insidious ETF, people can be denied loans, which can impact 4 5 their lives. The Court can do something which can help 6 change this vicious cycle, and in doing so, do something 7 other courts have failed to do. By including the credit option amendment, you are not only giving claimants an 8 9 opportunity to exercise a right they are entitled to, but at the same -- excuse me, your Honor -- but at the same time 10 11 providing some relief to those thousands of thousands in our 12 society who are in distress. 13 To sum it up: You will not find a litany of cases to uphold my position, for I am sure the Court is 14 15 well-versed on this subject and doesn't need any information from me. 16 17 I am appealing to the Court's sense of justice. 18 What I propose for the Court to consider on a scale of 19 justice is does my objection and proposed amendment, is it reasonable, is it fair, does it have any deleterious effect 20 21 upon any class member or counsel? 22 Does it delay the finalization of the settlement? 23 Does it entail a great expense to put into effect? 24 The answer to that, I don't know because the class 25 counsel wouldn't tell me how many people are going to be

involved. 1 2 Does my amendment to the settlement make it fairer, 3 more reasonable, without changing its integrity? I want to thank the Court for its patience. I hope 4 5 the Court will exercise its right by approving the inclusion 6 of the credit option settlement amendment in the settlement. 7 I look forward to your decision, and I hope my efforts will not become, as many have said, an exercise in 8 9 futility. 10 I thank you. 11 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Schroer. 12 I thank you for the respect that you have shown to 13 the Court throughout. As a pro se litigant, not represented 14 by counsel, you are right, sometimes it becomes difficult 15 for the Court to deal with pro se litigants, but that has 16 not been the case with you, and for that I thank you as well. 17 18 MR. SCHROER: Thank you. 19 THE COURT: All right. Let me speak to defense counsel first. 20 21 Why don't we start with his objection? How 22 difficult would it be to do what he wants to do? 23 MR. CONNOLLY: Your Honor, with any settlement, and 24 your Honor noted it when the same objections were raised in the Sprint settlement, this was a hard fought settlement. 25

1 We did not lose this case despite Mr. Schroer's argument --2 THE COURT: He is not arguing that you lost the 3 He in fact lauds your efforts -- well, not your efforts -- but the efforts of Mr. Cecchi and company in 4 5 carrying the banner, so --6 MR. CONNOLLY: And, your Honor, we have granted the 7 25-dollar relief, which is a substantial relief to people 8 who didn't pay the ETF. 9 In addition, the settlement preserves their right. If somebody comes after them in a collection action saying 10 they owed that ETF, they are allowed to continue to contend 11 12 it's illegal. They do not waive the right to continue, as 13 Mr. Schroer wants to, to claim that it is illegal. But he 14 is correct, the settlement we have reached does not agree, 15 does not agree for purposes of settlement, that all ETFs 16 ever charged have been illegal. That is not the settlement. 17 THE COURT: He is not asking you to recognize that 18 at this point. All he wants to do is to be able to have 19 something for those people who refused to pay the ETF, that recognizes that his particular ETF claim has been settled. 20 21 MR. CONNOLLY: Your Honor, under the settlement as 22 with the T-Mobile and the Sprint and the Verizon settlements 23 before, this settlement does not eliminate the obligation to pay ETFs for people who didn't pay them. It offers refunds 24 to them, offers significant refunds to the people who have 25

actually put out money for the ETF, but that has been the 1 2 case with every ETF settlement, and we are no different in 3 that regard. So our settlement is not to say that every ETF we ever charged is therefore not owed. 4 5 THE COURT: Go ahead. 6 MR. CONNOLLY: Again, your Honor, not different 7 than T-Mobile and Sprint before us or Verizon in the Alemada 8 Superior Court before that. 9 Let me be clear about something because Mr. Schroer 10 has been very courteous and gentlemanly to me and to the Court today. I feel like he has taken from our brief that 11 12 we ascribed some impropriety to the fact that he agreed in 13 the Verizon case as a named class representative to 14 precisely the relief that is in our settlement. I am not 15 suggesting it was improper for him to do that in that case. 16 To his credit, when we pointed out that he had 17 served as a class representative who agreed to a settlement 18 with exactly the same relief for this group of people as is 19 present in this settlement, he didn't hide behind his He didn't say, I didn't know about it. 20 21 He wrote to your Honor and said I knew about it. 22 talked about it with my counsel, and we agreed it was fair. 23 Now, Mr. Schroer's position is there were events 24 going on in the FCC that made that a reasonable compromise, 25 and I 100 percent accepted that it was important to him.

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                  There are many factors. We could spend a great
 2
         deal of time on today or other days on all of the risk
 3
         factors in this case that make this case like every other
 4
         case, a settlement and a compromise.
 5
                  It is easy to come in and say, but can't you do
 6
         this, or can't you do this. That wasn't the compromise that
 7
         was struck.
 8
                  On the specific FCC point, that was never resolved
9
         by the FCC, and this settlement agreement, like the ones
         before it, contains an express provision where class counsel
10
11
         made AT&T promise that if the FCC does rule that these kinds
12
         of claims are preempted, it doesn't form a basis for us to
13
         back out of the settlement.
14
                  THE COURT: If you were assessed an ETF, and you
15
         didn't pay it, you would be covered for your 25 bucks,
16
         right?
17
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Yes.
18
                  THE COURT: You could come in and make a claim,
19
         right?
20
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Yes.
21
                  THE COURT: Even though you never paid it?
22
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Yes.
23
                  THE COURT: Okay.
24
                  If you get the 25 bucks at that point, isn't your
         ETF claim settled?
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                  MR. CONNOLLY: No. Under the terms of the
 2
         settlement agreement, the settlement agreement provides that
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         the settlement does not obligate AT&T, again, as with all of
         the carriers before us, to cease efforts to collect the
 4
 5
         ETFs. We do not waive our right --
 6
                  THE COURT: As against that person, though.
 7
                  MR. CONNOLLY: No, no, your Honor.
                  As against that person, our settlement, as with the
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9
         ones before it, does not waive our ability to try to
         continue to collect that, as it does not waive their right
10
         to continue to oppose it, if we to do do that.
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12
                  THE COURT: They can make a claim for damages --
13
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Hum --
14
                  THE COURT: -- is that correct? I just want to
15
         know what the parameters are.
16
                  So if a person is charged an ETF and refuses to pay
         the ETF, right, then they get notice of this settlement, and
17
18
         goes in and says, okay, I want my 25 dollars, right? You
19
         pay them the 25 dollars. You then sue them for the
20
         collection, right?
21
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Yes.
22
                  THE COURT: You said you could still do that,
23
         right?
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                  MR. CONNOLLY: That's right. Well, yes. AT&T does
         not file suit against its own, but let's just say we go down
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1
         the road, and it gets sold to somebody, and they sue them, a
 2
         collection agency, yes.
 3
                  THE COURT: They could then claim that it was an
 4
         illegal charge, right? It doesn't bar them from saying
 5
         that?
 6
                  MR. CONNOLLY: That is right. In defense of a
         collection action, it does not bar them from doing that.
 7
                  THE COURT: Can they as part of that defense
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9
         counterclaim say that you owe me money because my credit was
         screwed up by it, because I say it is illegal, and if I am
10
         correct in pursuing the fact that it is an illegal charge, I
11
12
         now want damages for my credit being screwed up?
13
                  MR. CONNOLLY: That is right. That is released.
14
         What they retain the right to do is they retain the right to
15
         raise illegality as a defense to the claim that's being
16
         brought against them for collection of the payment.
17
                  So if they were to prevail on that claim, they
18
         would end up at the end of the day with 25 dollars, and not
19
         having to pay the fee, if they prevailed.
                  THE COURT: All right.
20
21
                  Go ahead.
22
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Your Honor, do you have other
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         questions of Mr. Schroer, or I don't know if you want to
24
         hear --
25
                  THE COURT: No. You have addressed I guess your
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1 position with regard to that. 2 MR. CONNOLLY: Again, your Honor --3 THE COURT: How would it affect this settlement to 4 do what Mr. Schroer wants to do? 5 MR. CONNOLLY: The administrative burden on us, for 6 example, I went back to my client, and I said, can you find me something on Mr. Schroer. I did not know before today it 7 was 2003 that he paid the early termination fee. 8 9 Our ability to go back all of those years and identify people and what their status is, and whether they 10 challenged it is not realistic. It's not something that's 11 12 at the touch of the finger. That's why we wouldn't agree to 13 do it in the settlement. I also want to state that Mr. Schroer has said that 14 his situation is the only charge that he has not paid is the 15 16 ETF charge. He didn't leave owing us other money. 17 For the vast majority of people, that is not the 18 Most people who had an early termination fee also 19 don't pay other charges on their bill, and this settlement 20 says nothing about those charges. 21 So if somebody didn't pay their last bill of a hundred dollars and didn't pay their ETF, there is nothing 22 23 in the settlement releasing any claims they have related to 24 the hundred dollars or any ability to remedy any defamation of the credit for those. This is now leaking a little bit 25

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into Mr. Lavery's point, but as your Honor noted, these
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 2
         releases are consi -- have been to ETF related claims.
 3
                  Again, your Honor, this is a specific issue that
         arose in the Sprint settlement, and your Honor approved the
 4
 5
         settlement there as well.
 6
                  THE COURT: I understand. Throughout your papers
         and Mr. Cecchi's papers, you make reference to the fact that
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 8
         some of these things have been approved by the Court, and
9
         that is true, and that is something that I will take into
         consideration, but each settlement in these cases is unique
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11
         and different and should be looked at individually --
12
                  MR. CONNOLLY: I understood, your Honor --
13
                  THE COURT: -- and--
14
                  MR. CONNOLLY: -- and when I said that, I don't
15
         mean to suggest -- I'm sorry, your Honor, for interrupting.
                  THE COURT: -- I said I could relook at a
16
         particular issue and say, you know what, I think I missed it
17
18
         on the other one, and I think this should be different,
19
         right? It could be done.
                  MR. CONNOLLY: You could do that. Yes, your Honor.
20
21
         I suggest you ought not, but yes.
22
                  THE COURT: Okay. I could do that.
23
                  (Laughter.)
24
                  MR. CONNOLLY: I have not as much to say about Mr.
25
         Lavery's presentation because it is largely leaking into
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attorneys' fees, and I guess I'll just say --1 2 THE COURT: Anything to say about what the attorney 3 said? If you want to address it, address it now. 4 If not, I will hear from the other side. 5 MR. CONNOLLY: With respect to Mr. Lavery's 6 presentation, I think your Honor drew out the point, that he 7 does not object to the settlement in whole. He has an objection where he would like to change the cy pres 8 9 provision, and he has some issues about attorneys' fees, which we have not fully fleshed out and probably won't 10 11 today. 12 With respect to the cy pres, your Honor, I just 13 offer my experience. It is not uncommon in these kinds of 14 settlements to have cy pres provisions. I speak as a bit 15 unusual here. This money is not coming back to my client 16 regardless of where it goes. It's either going to claimants 17 or it's going to cy pres. It is not the case that it is 18 disfavored or uncommon if your Honor -- and this has come up 19 in the other -- I'm sorry, I sound like a broken record -this has come up in the other settlements, where objectors, 20 21 not Mr. Lavery, showed up in other settlements and said all 22 the money should go out to claimants. 23 If it did, it would have to be simple. There was a 24 suggestion that the claims administrator has some ability 25 with the push of a button to decide who has paid or who

hasn't paid and what their status is. As we learned in 1 2 these cases, that is very difficult for the defendants to do. There is no magic list of the claims administrator. 3 4 I think what he was really suggesting at the end of the day, your Honor, was a much simpler program, which would 5 6 be instead of having a cy pres provision, to take the money 7 and divide it up by the number of claims and call it a day. 8 Honestly, your Honor, that is not my client's money 9 anyway, if the settlement is approved, so I defer to the Court, of course, as I do on everything, but I mean I do 10 think fashioning that remedy is something that is up to your 11 12 Honor. 13 Your Honor has kept the cy pres in the other 14 settlements. I think there is a potential issue in this 15 cases, where if you are just simply dividing up a fund among 16 the number of claimants, you do run a risk that the numbers are too large, you encourage fraudulent claims, or if word 17 18 gets out that is what is going to happen, you can 19 encourage fraudulent claims. The more it looks like a lottery ticket and not like a claim for damages. 20 21 I think with the claim numbers we are expecting 22 here, I am not suggesting we are going to be handing out 23 \$10,000 checks, if you were to do it that way, but it is a 24 concern. I quess, again, your Honor --25 THE COURT: I know that you are not in the position

to tell me with exactitude or anything dealing with 1 2 exactitude, but the best case scenario, right? 3 MR. CONNOLLY: We are over 43,000 now, and I think 4 in the experience with some of the other settlements, and 5 just more broadly, is that you see a bump. If your Honor 6 issues final approval for the settlement, the claims period 7 runs for a period of time beyond final approval for the reason that there will be stories, you know, there will be 8 9 publicity around your final decision, and that will drive more claims, so I think it is very easy to imagine 50,000 10 claims and again potentially higher than that. 11 12 But standing at 43 now, if you look at what 13 happened with T-Mobile, and we are higher than T-Mobile was 14 to this point in their settlement process --15 THE COURT: Would the suggestion, though, wouldn't 16 that not be more simplistic to administer, the suggestion 17 that has been made, rather --18 MR. CONNOLLY: I would say the suggestion that is 19 made, where there is not an investigation, but simply these are people who filed claims, sort of let's magnify their 20 21 claim, if you will, to take up the money that is there, that is something I believe for us to administer -- I mean, the 22 23 secret to that is it's mathematical. I mean, you take a number -- I should -- actually I am jumping ahead, because 24 they say 16 million, and class counsel, no doubt, think 25

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         there will be less available because you will award them
 2
         fees, but a number will be left over for distribution. You
         could give us orders to sort of magnify people's claims, if
 3
 4
         not pro rata to administer, but pro rata increasing, that
 5
         that could be done and --
 6
                  THE COURT: Okay.
 7
                  MR. CONNOLLY: -- again, that is why I say, and it
         is easy for me to say because it is no longer my client's
 8
9
         money, if you approve the settlement. We think this is one
10
         that is in your real house and it's in your discretion as it
         was in the other settlements, Judge.
11
12
                  THE COURT:
                              Thank you very much.
13
                  Mr. Cecchi, or, Mr. Strange, somebody?
14
                  MR. CECCHI: Very briefly, Judge, and then Mr.
15
         Strange is going to address In Re Agent Orange --
16
                  THE COURT: Address what?
17
                  MR. CECCHI: -- the In Re Agent Orange case.
18
                  THE COURT: Mr. Cecchi, why do you care what
19
         happens to that money?
20
                  MR. CECCHI: The issue from our perspective as
21
         class counsel is that we designed the plan of allocation to
22
         provide class members as close as we could with damages,
23
         what -- how there were damaged, and that is why you have the
24
         stepped plan of allocation.
                  The danger, the concern, the policy concern I would
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         have is that some people are going to get a windfall for
 2
         more than their damages.
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                  I also share Mr. Connolly's concern that you have a
         potential for creating a lottery ticket, and there is news
 4
 5
         out --
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                  THE COURT: But the windfall here would be minimal
         in terms of dollars, right?
 7
 8
                  I mean, there are many ways to structure that. You
9
         could say, you could put a cap on the cy pres, for example,
         and distribute the rest pro rata, right?
10
11
                  MR. CECCHI: I think all of that is true.
12
         The policy --
13
                  THE COURT: It doesn't really affect -- it could
14
         only affect the class --
15
                  MR. CECCHI: -- well --
                  THE COURT: -- other than the policy
16
         considerations, the Court has to have policy considerations,
17
18
         and I agree with you, the potential for the fraudulent
19
         claims issue and the associated and administrative cost, if
20
         I were to investigate those things --
21
                  MR. CECCHI: Right.
22
                  THE COURT: -- the potential of a windfall to one
23
         class member over others may put the class members in an
24
         antagonistic position in that some people are going to get
25
         more money --
```

MR. CECCHI: It is certainly not insurmountable. 1 2 All of those issues are not insurmountable. I agree with 3 Mr. Connolly. It is something an experienced claim administrator can handle. 4 The concept that we put into this settlement and 5 6 the other settlements was the idea of having to claim, 7 having to file a claim is important. You have to be 8 invested in the process and to get back that class member a 9 measure of their damages as close as you can, that was the concept and theory, and not to talk about the other cases, 10 it was used in many cases. There is nothing conceptually 11 12 wrong with what your Honor is saying --13 THE COURT: Just as I sit here, I think there are 14 many different ways to do it. 15 You can say it is pro rata, not to exceed, you 16 know, more than one-quarter of your actual damages. 17 MR. CECCHI: There's plenty of ways. Absolutely. 18 I agree, and your Honor would have the discretion to fashion 19 that --20 THE COURT: All right. Let's get to the other 21 issue. 22 MR. CECCHI: Very briefly on Mr. Schroer, we 23 appreciate the passionate remarks that he made to your There's a couple of points I would make. 24 He was the class rep in Verizon. The settlement 25

here is exactly the same as Verizon, so it did come as some surprise to us that Mr. Schroer came forward to say that this one is not fair and reasonable and adequate as to that provision.

The real issue there, though, I have some familiarity with this having negotiated these ETF settlements over a number of years. Many of these ETFs are sold. AT&T doesn't do this collection work. They sell the debt. I can speak that that was the case in T-Mobile and Sprint. They don't own these debts any more. Those defendants who own this debt and paid these gentlemen for those debts are not before the Court, so that's really the issue on the credit relief. That is the issue we faced trying to negotiate that issue when we were trying to settle the case. Those defendants are not before the Court.

I did want to very briefly respond to Mr. Lavery's comments. It somewhat surprised me because most of his filings or Mr. Langone's filings were directed at other issues, namely, the attorneys' fee issue. I note two things for your Honor. We fully briefed it. Rule 1.5 is not the touchstone here. Rule 23 is. None of the cases he cited are Rule 23 class action cases. None of the principles he brought to bear in this case have anything to do with your Honor's discretion (A).

(B), allocation of fees, according to the leading

treatise on class actions and numerous cases is routinely 1 2 and preferably given to class counsel to allocate in the 3 first instance. Your Honor is the ultimate fiduciary for 4 the class, and you ultimately have discretion over that, but 5 there is no illegal fee sharing arrangement here between 6 anybody. This is a Rule 23 application to your Honor. 7 Every one of those lawyers performed work. We did an 8 assessment that they performed valuable work, and if we are 9 fortunate to have our fee application granted, we will make an application if your Honor gives us that discretion. 10 11 I do want to put something on the record, Judge. 12 The question that Mr. Lavery raised about the, quote, 13 unquote, illegal fee sharing, Rule RPC 1.5 and Rule 23 is 14 within your Honor's sole and exclusive jurisdiction. I 15 don't want to have to burden myself or more importantly your 16 Honor with an All Writs Act application to enjoin Mr. 17 Langone from the lawsuit, which he filed against myself, my 18 firm, Mr. Strange, and a bunch of other lawyers who I don't 19 know what they have to do with this. But he filed a lawsuit 20 this week, and Mr. Langone is in court here today, 21 addressing the very issue that his lawyer just argued to 22 your Honor. 23 I would ask Mr. Langone when I finish my remarks to commit to your Honor that he will withdraw that lawsuit, so 24 25 I don't have to spend the time and energy of defending it,

putting my malpractice carrier on notice and bringing an All Writs Act application to your Honor to have it dismissed and enjoined.

So when I am done, I will ask that Mr. Langone or his counsel tell us what he intends to do about the lawsuit that he filed.

One other point I wanted to make -- oh, what is motivating Mr. Langone is a complete mystery to me because whatever is happening in Madison County, Illinois that he apparently is involved in, I am not involved in. It has nothing to do with this case.

Whatever is going on between Mr. Weiss, Paul Weiss, who is not class counsel in this case, Mr. Boch, who is not class counsel in this case, and Mr. Lakin, who is not class counsel in this case, what's going on in Illionois has nothing to do with the fairness and adequacy of this settlement, nor the appropriateness or lack of appropriateness of the fee application that we have asked your Honor to rule upon.

Why he has brought that tangential dispute here, why he has sued me in Illinois out of some animus to lawyers who are not in this case is a complete and total mystery to me, but we would ask him to have the decency and professional courtesy to let the Court know whether or not we are going to be dealing with an All Writs Act application

1 next week about the lawsuit, and that that is solely within 2 your Honor's jurisdiction. 3 Thank you, Judge. MR. STRANGE: Just a few brief points, your Honor. 4 5 Brian Strange for the class. 6 With respect to the distribution, one of the issues 7 that we were concerned with is because these are -- we 8 contend illegal penalties, at the beginning of the contract 9 arguably those people have not suffered any damages. It is 10 really -- and I made this argument before your Honor on the other side of the Sprint case -- it is those people at the 11 12 end of their contract that have a day left or 30 days left 13 that are really the ones, when they have to pay the 175 or 14 whatever the amount of money, are really the ones damaged --15 THE COURT: What? 16 MR. STRANGE: -- those are really the people damaged because they are paying that fee with a small amount 17 18 of time left in the contract, and the late term payors we 19 talked about before, so the structure of the distribution 20 was really, you know, the late term payors get the \$140, and 21 that if you don't know whether you paid an ETF, you are down 22 to the lower end of the scale, where if you are in the early 23 part of your contract, so we tried to allocate them, you 24 know, according to what the claims were of the plaintiffs. Obviously, we would, you know, like to have as much 25

money go to the class as possible, but we provided a mechanism for people who make claims and just traditionally in these types of cases, if people don't make claims, one thing we want to make sure of is that it doesn't go back to the defendant and it goes to a charity somehow related to the class of plaintiffs which your Honor would have the right to approve, should it get to that point, if all of the claims are not exhausted, and we don't know at this point if they are all exhausted or not. But if they are, it is not an issue. If not, then your Honor would have the right to approve whatever charity it should be allotted to the class that we represent. So the allocation was designed to address the claims that were presented in the case.

With respect to the issue of fees since it was touched on, with respect to Mr. Langone, apparently there is an issue going on with Mr. Weiss. In one of his letters he said that if I would have known that he was involved in this case, I would have opted out. That's in one of his letters I think that was submitted to the Court. So we actually gave him -- we said, look, if you want to opt out, we will see if we can get you a late opt-out, and we have not heard from him on that issue.

With respect to this attorneys' fees issue, it is -- under Rule 23, the controlling law, as your Honor knows, is Rule 23. If every time a court sitting in a class

1 action has 50 states and had to apply the law of the state 2 they were sitting in, that would be a problem, and that is 3 why the courts have said that the courts in control of the fees under a federal class action under the class action 4 5 fairness act is under Rule 23 --6 THE COURT: What do you say that potentially here 7 in light of the historical data regarding how many claims were filed in the other cases, cases that weren't looking at 8 9 attorneys' fees, which counsel is asking for, much exceed the amount of the benefit that the class members are 10 actually getting? 11 12 MR. STRANGE: That is a traditional argument made 13 by objectors. That was routinely objected -- or routinely 14 overruled even in class actions where there is a reversion 15 because the courts have said, look, you can make available a fund. And I have had class actions where there is large 16 17 checks that people don't claim, \$10,000. You know, you can 18 make things available, but you can't necessarily make them 19 take it, and the courts have routinely rejected those types 20 of arguments. There is only one case I know that has even 21 held it. 22 I just had a case down in Puerto Rico, in federal court in Puerto Rico, where everybody made the same

This case is even stronger because there's no money going back to the defendants. They paid or are going to pay the 18 million, and that is what the fee should be based on.

Then -- I mean, it is particularly troubling that we, as class counsel, went to all of the trouble to try to negotiate with all of the counsel involved in this case, which was no small matter, as your Honor might imagine, and the In Re Agent Orange, which is a 1987 2nd Circuit case, I have it right here, what that Court said was exactly that class counsel usually is in the best position to determine those fees even after the courts award them, and it should be based on people's roles, how these people contributed to the case, which we are in the best position to know, i.e., the Kinkel case and the case in California.

What the Agent Orange case said is -- and in that case there was a particular issue, which was there was a PSC that made a provision where you could get three times your investment -- whatever you invested for cost, you got three times that back, the fee arrangement. And the court said, if there is a return on investment situation to the class counsel, that is a potential problem. But in the same breath the court said, accordingly, the practice of allowing class counsel to distribute a general fee in an equitable fund case among themselves pursuant to a fee sharing agreement is unexceptional -- unexceptional, so that court

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does stand for the fact that class counsel can distribute it
 1
 2
         among themselves, but in a particular situation where you
 3
         have three times your cost, you know, that wouldn't be
 4
         appropriate. So we have gone to the, you know, the
 5
         extraordinary effort to try to fold in class counsel who
 6
         have worked for years on this case and have them share in
 7
         the fee.
 8
                  Thank you, your Honor.
9
                  THE COURT: Thank you.
10
                  MR. SCHROER: May I have just an opportunity to
         address something that Mr. Cecchi brought out?
11
12
                  THE COURT: Very briefly, okay?
13
                  MR. SCHROER: It will be very brief.
14
                  THE COURT: Very briefly because are concluding
15
         this hearing at four o'clock.
16
                  MR. SCHROER: I appreciate that. Thank you for the
         privilege.
17
18
                  I think what he stated with regard to the selling
         of the accounts to some other individuals --
19
20
                  THE COURT: Right.
21
                  MR. SCHROER: -- is smoke and mirrors.
22
                  THE COURT: Why?
23
                  MR. SCHROER: Because we don't even know how many
         people are in the situation, in the ETF situation.
24
25
                  In other words, there may be one person -- I just
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found out there are 46,000 in total. Am I correct?
 1
 2
                  THE COURT: That is what was said to the Court.
 3
                  MR. SCHROER: In the information, and I am
         questimating that of that 46,000, I would say that the
 4
 5
         majority of it, and this information I am sure he knows,
 6
         would be those who have paid the EFT. Those who have not
 7
         paid the ETF, I would think would be minuscule.
 8
                  So by him saying that there -- or I got the
9
         impression, and I might be wrong, that he was implying that
         it would entail a great deal of expense on the part of AT&T
10
11
         to then go to people who they sold these accounts to, maybe
12
         on ten cents on the dollar, as such, that they would have a
13
         great deal of expense to do that, and I say it is -- I don't
14
         think it is the case, and I would like to leave you with
15
         that thought.
16
                  THE COURT: Thank you.
17
                  Mr. Lavery?
18
                  MR. LAVERY: Yes.
19
                  THE COURT: What is this about this lawsuit that I
20
         just heard about?
21
                  MR. LAVERY: Would you like Mr. Langone to address
22
         it?
23
                  THE COURT: No. You represent him. I am not going
24
         to hear from a litigant that you represent.
25
                  MR. LAVERY: Okay. Sure.
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1
                  Your Honor, that action was filed as a declaratory
 2
         judgment action that named lead counsel as necessary parties
 3
         that relates to --
                  THE COURT: What does it relate to?
 4
 5
                  MR. LAVERY: -- it relates to the propriety of
 6
         class counsel giving money to the Kinkel counsel.
 7
                  THE COURT: In connection with this case?
8
                  MR. LAVERY: Yes -- no, in connection with the --
9
                  THE COURT: In connection with this case, right?
10
                  MR. LAVERY: -- in connection with the attorney fee
         award that may -- which is undisclosed with respect to
11
12
         what --
13
                  THE COURT: How is that not under the jurisdiction
14
         of this Court?
15
                  MR. LAVERY: Because ETF counsel, Boch, Lakin,
         Weiss -- Weiss has filed, I believe an appearance in the
16
         Sprint case, and so have Lakin and Boch, but they have never
17
18
         came under this case. Therefore, ETF counsel has not --
19
         they are not under the jurisdiction of your Honor right now,
20
         and that is essentially the point, and it has not been
21
         served. It is basically there -- to be there in case your
22
         Honor would approve it today, and then the issue would be
23
         about this -- because there is this 15-day rule, and they
         get paid in advance, and then the issue would be whether or
24
25
         not there could be a declaration that class counsel could
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not take -- could not diminish the size of the fund in order
 1
 2
         to pay off Lakin and Boch and Weiss. That is my
 3
         understanding.
                  THE COURT: How is that not in the jurisdiction of
 4
         this Court? I still don't understand that.
 5
 6
                  MR. LAVERY: Because of -- you would have to ask
         Mr. Langone --
 7
 8
                  THE COURT: Look, here is what I am going to do.
9
                  MR. LAVERY: Yes.
10
                  THE COURT: It is up to you how you want to handle
         that --
11
12
                  MR. LAVERY: Yes.
13
                  THE COURT: -- but at the end of the day, if it
14
         turns out that that lawsuit is clearly within all four
15
         corners within the jurisdiction of this Court, and there is
16
         going to be additional litigation or motion practice in
17
         connection with this in order for me to enjoin a case that
18
         obviously belongs here, I am not going to be very pleased
19
         about that, and I certainly would entertain any kind of
20
         application with regard to something that turns out to be
21
         frivolous, that was just filed in order to create some
22
         additional problem in another court, which clearly should be
23
         before this Court.
24
                  MR. LAVERY: No, and --
25
                  THE COURT: Do we understand each other?
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1
                  MR. LAVERY: -- clearly, your Honor. And we are
 2
         waiting upon your ruling and taking no action because
 3
         essentially your ruling, if you expand the size of the fund,
 4
         for example, to take out the cy pres, then you do have to
 5
         consider the percentage of the fund that they would get
 6
         rather than the one million, and so it would moot it out,
         and then -- so I mean, essentially we believe that your
 7
         action could moot out the need for a declaratory judgment
8
9
         action, but Mr. Langone didn't want to wait --
10
                  THE COURT: What if I approve it the way it is,
11
         then what?
12
                  MR. LAVERY: Well, then presumably we would have to
13
         appeal to the third Circuit.
14
                  THE COURT: Correct. But that lawsuit still has
15
         nothing to do with the price of beans because I am going to
         be making the decision here.
16
17
                  MR. LAVERY: Well, unless you rule that ETF counsel
18
         are outside of the scope of your jurisdiction, which is an
19
         issue that we have put in our briefs. We put it in the
20
         briefs --
21
                  THE COURT: Counsel, I knew nothing about this
         lawsuit until ten minutes ago --
22
23
                  MR. LAVERY: Well, right --
24
                  THE COURT: -- All I am saying is, because I have
25
         had experience like this in other cases, that I don't want
```

this being used as a vehicle to either create additional 1 2 issues for class counsel because of whatever animosity 3 exists, or to try to usurp the jurisdiction of this Court by 4 filing somewhere else, when everyone knows that it pertains 5 to a matter that is presently pending before this Court. 6 Because if the Court is then going to be required to 7 entertain an All Writs Act application or briefing on that or argument on that, and ultimately the person who filed the 8 9 lawsuit knows very well that it was within the jurisdiction of this Court will end up paying attorneys' fees and 10 sanctions. I am not going to go through an exercise like 11 12 that. I am not suggesting what is what happened here, but I 13 want everyone to understand where I stand with regard to 14 that. 15 MR. LAVERY: And, your Honor, we contemplated that if that were to occur, the case would probably be 16 17 transferred to your jurisdiction under the appropriate 18 transfer rules for the U.S. District Court system. But the 19 question was we couldn't get jurisdiction over Lakin, Boch and Weiss in the State of New Jersey. That was only 20 21 possible in the State of Illinois. 22 THE COURT: Thank you. 23 MR. CECCHI: Judge, I would just like to hand a 24 copy of the lawsuit to your Honor, so you have it for your records. A prayer for relief is squarely within the four 25

corners of your Honor's jurisdiction. It is exactly the 1 2 Rule 1.5E argument that is made, and it is a frivolous 3 lawsuit --THE COURT: Stop, Mr. Cecchi. I am not going to 4 decide this issue today. That lawsuit is not before me, and 5 6 you may be right, or you may be wrong. I don't know about 7 that. All I am saying is that in these class action 8 lawsuits, there is always the issue where everybody starts 9 fighting about the fees, and I recognize it is part of the 10 type of case that it is. 11 I suggest you guys talks about this and figure out 12 whatever position you take, that it better have a solid 13 legal basis because I don't want to end up having litigation 14 and motion practice over things that are clearly frivolous 15 or clearly something that should have been resolved by way 16 of an agreement, to have the Court decide it or do whatever, 17 so either work it out or file whatever motions you think are 18 appropriate. 19 MR. LAVERY: Thank you. MR. CECCHI: Thank you, Judge. 20 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 I am going to obviously take this matter under 23 consideration. I am going to take another look at the attorneys' fees situation and figure out how I am going to 24 25 do that, if I am going to approach that, or whether or not

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we have to have another hearing just on that issue.
 1
 2
                  Certainly my interest here is to moving the -- if I
 3
         think the settlement is adequate and appropriate, to move it
         along for the benefit of the class, not necessarily for the
 4
 5
         benefit of counsel, although that is going to happen as well
 6
         if things are approved. It is just a question of timing, so
 7
         I will probably address the settlement first, counsel fees
         second. I want to resolve all of the issues in one shot, if
 8
9
         I can do that. I will try to do that, of course, in one
10
         sitting, but it may require additional argument. I don't
11
         know.
12
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Your Honor, could I ask one question
13
         about the timing?
14
                  THE COURT: Sure.
15
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Is your Honor suggesting that there
16
         might be an order on the final approval of the settlement
17
         then perhaps before there was an order on the final
18
         approval --
19
                  THE COURT: I am suggesting that that is a
20
         possibility.
21
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Again, your Honor, if that were to
22
         happen, I would just call your attention to Article 3,
23
         Section 1 of the settlement agreement, which --
24
                  THE COURT: When you say "Article 3," you know --
25
                  (Laughter.)
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1
                  MR. CECCHI: It's not as important as the other
 2
         Article 3, Judge.
 3
                  THE COURT: Section 1?
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Section 1. It just has to do with
 4
         the timing of AT&T Mobility's payment obligations under the
 5
 6
         settlement. We have paid into escrow all but 6.25 million,
 7
         which would end up in the payment of the final amount into
 8
         the escrow being maintained by Rust, would be -- is
9
         triggered by the date of the entry of the final approval
         order and judgment. And as you can imagine, when I go tell
10
         them they have to write a check, assuming that's where we
11
12
         end up, if your Honor approves the settlement, they will
13
         want to look at this and be clear that what you have is --
14
                  THE COURT: How would that -- run this by me again.
15
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Sure.
16
                  Our final payment obligation --
17
                  THE COURT: Final payment as in final amount on the
18
         entire fund.
19
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Exactly, your Honor.
20
                  We have funded a large portion of the 16 million
21
         already and put it into escrow.
22
                  THE COURT: All but 6.2?
23
                  MR. CONNOLLY: All but 6.2, that's right, your
                 The last 6.2 is due to be paid into escrow within
24
25
         ten business days of the date of entry of the final approval
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1
         order and judgment.
 2
                  THE COURT: So why does whatever I do affect your
 3
         ability to do that?
 4
                  MR. CONNOLLY: As long as you were sort of -- all I
 5
         am asking, your Honor, is if you do approve the settlement,
 6
         and if you do do it before resolving the attorneys' fees --
 7
                  THE COURT: The money will still be in escrow,
                The attorneys' fees money would then be in escrow
 8
9
         so --
10
                  MR. CONNOLLY: I apologize. I am not being clear.
11
                  I'm just saying I need to -- when I go to my client
12
         and say, time to write a $6.2 million check, but the case
13
         isn't totally over yet because the judge is still sitting on
14
         some issues --
15
                  THE COURT: But the issues will have to do with the
16
         way the money is distributed --
17
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Absolutely.
18
                  THE COURT: -- I don't see how it is an issue --
19
                  MR. CONNOLLY: I apologize, your Honor.
20
                  THE COURT: -- maybe it is too late in the day.
21
                  Explain it to me again.
22
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Sure.
23
                  THE COURT: I say to you, let's just for the sake
         of argument -- obviously if I say I don't approve the
24
         settlement, then --
25
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1
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Then I would have a different
 2
         conversation.
 3
                  THE COURT: -- you would have a different
         conversation with your client.
 4
 5
                  If I approve the settlement, the settlement
 6
         document kicks into play, and it requires you to pay the
         money to escrow within a given time. You pay it.
 7
 8
                  MR. CONNOLLY: That's right.
9
                  THE COURT: The distribution of the money issue is
10
         not your payment of it into escrow.
11
                  MR. CONNOLLY: All I am asking for, your Honor, in
12
         that circumstance would be a sentence that simply says:
13
         This constitutes the final approval of the settlement and
14
         judgment and payment. Just something that I can show to my
         client that says, see, all of the issues aren't resolved,
15
16
         but this is the magic piece of paper that means that you
17
         have to write the check.
18
                  THE COURT: All of the issues as to your client.
19
                  MR. CONNOLLY: That's right, your Honor.
20
                  THE COURT: Does everybody agree to that?
21
                  MR. CECCHI: We do, Judge.
22
                  The attorney fee order would have nothing to with
23
         their funding obligation.
24
                  THE COURT: That is the way I see it.
25
                  MR. CONNOLLY: That is the way I see it, too, your
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1
         Honor. Just all of the other settlements, not to beat a
 2
         dead horse, everything happened at once. It was sort of
 3
         nice and easy and simple. So all I am asking is if there is
 4
         that statement, and it could be noted, so it will make it
 5
         easier for me to tell the people, "Yes, it is time to write
 6
         the check."
 7
                  THE COURT: Okay.
 8
                  Thank you, Counsel.
 9
                  MR. CECCHI: Thank you, Judge.
10
                  MR. CONNOLLY: Thank you, your Honor.
11
                  (Court adjourned.)
12
13
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